City of Marco Island, Florida

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

> PREPARED BY: CITY OF MARCO ISLAND FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Cover Art

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Irene Glynn

Ms. Glynn retired from elementary education in the mid-1990's and started a second career as an artist, studying in professional studios in Connecticut and California. She sees her art as alchemy and exploration, using the deep rich colors of oils and wax based color pencils. Her work has been exhibited in Massachusetts and California, as well as here on Marco Island.

Artwork is provided through cooperation with the Art League of Marco Island.

INTRODUCTION SECTION

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City of Marco Island

March 14, 2008

Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Marco Island, Florida:

Florida Statutes require that all general-purpose local governments publish within twelve months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of independent licensed certified public accounts. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Marco Island, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Marco Island, Florida. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by CPA Associates, a firm of independent licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The

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standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Other Reports section of the report.

GAAP requires that the management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City and It's Services

Marco Island, Florida, is located in the southwestern part of the state, on the Gulf of Mexico side of the 10,000 islands and the Everglades. Originally discovered by the Spanish and named Isla de San Marcos (Saint Mark's Island), modern development of the island began in the late 1960s by the Deltona Corporation. Prior to incorporation in 1997, the island was a part of unincorporated Collier County and was served by a local Fire Protection District. The City serves a permanent population of approximately 16,000, which more than doubles in the peak winter season. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since incorporation. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council consisting of a Chairperson and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances and approving the budget, appointing boards and commissions, and hiring both the City Manager and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected atlarge on a non-partisan basis to four-year staggered terms. The City Council Chairperson is elected by the members of the City Council annually to a one-year term of office.

The City provides a full range of services authorized by statute and local charter. These include Police, Fire, Parks and Recreation, Streets and Drainage, Capital Improvements, Planning and Community Development, and general administrative services. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004, and more fully described later in this report, the City acquired the water and wastewater operations on the island and at adjacent Marco Shores, and now operates those services through the City's Utility Department.

The Hideaway Beach Tax District has been created as a component unit of the City. In 2003, voters in this upscale, gated neighborhood approved a bond issue and tax levy for re-nourishment of the beaches adjacent to the neighborhood. \$2.9 million in bonds were issued and the project was completed under the oversight of Collier County. As part of the project, "T-groins" were constructed by the County using tourist development tax funds to stabilize the beach to prevent future erosion.

Budget Process

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget and holds public budget workshops with the City Council on the proposed budget. Two public hearings are held on the budget, with the final budget adopted no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and by department. Budget control is maintained at the department level in the General Fund and at the fund level in other funds of the City. Budgets are adopted for the following funds:

General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Funds Building Services Fund Water/Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund Electric Franchise Fund Recreation Enterprise Fund Hideaway Beach Tax District Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund

The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a General Fund department or within other funds. Transfers of appropriations between General Fund departments, and transfers that increase fund appropriations, require the approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for individual funds.

Capital planning for the community is accomplished through two separate long-term budget documents. The Capital Projects Fund finances improvements to streets and intersections, storm drainage, bridges, park facilities and landscaping, and general government buildings. A five-year budget is updated and adopted annually. The acquisition of Marco Island Utilities, discussed below, drove the need for a 10-year capital program to upgrade and expand both the water and wastewater systems. That capital plan is updated annually.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy. Marco Island was developed as a planned community of exclusive wateraccess and waterfront residences with hotels, condominiums, and commercial businesses to support the vitality of the island lifestyle. Originally marketed as a winter retreat for people with permanent homes in the north, Marco Island has evolved over the years into a community of diverse age groups and interests. The business community primarily provides goods and services to the permanent and visitor community.

Marco Island continues to enjoy the results of a planned, platted, and deed restricted community. A full 75% of the single-family building lots are located on man-made canals and bays, affording easy boating access to the Gulf of Mexico and the 10,000 islands forming the western boundary of the Everglades. The community offers public beach access at both ends of the island, and beach access is provided for the exclusive use of island residents. Beachfront property is high-density, with multi-family and tourist-oriented accommodations.

The long-term economic outlook for the City of Marco Island is positive. In the ten years since incorporation, the island economy has enjoyed an exceptionally strong residential real estate market with high growth in new home starts, and home and condominium resales. Total assessed value has more than doubled in the past five years, reflecting the population growth in Collier County and the scarcity of waterfront housing. Marco Island will never be duplicated; the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers now prohibits "dredge and fill" coastal development and mangrove forests are federally protected.

2007 assessed valuations, for property taxes in fiscal year 2008, showed a six percent (6%) reduction prior to adjustment for new construction. The reduction in valuations as a direct result of the national real estate slump, are not projected to result in any significant decreases in services provided to the community.

Marco Island Utilities. In November 2003, the City of Marco Island achieved a long-term objective with the acquisition of the local water and wastewater operations from a private provider. Prior to that date, the City's Utilities Fund was used to account for the wastewater distribution system serving approximately 1,200 accounts with central sewer on this island. Wastewater treatment was handled by Florida Water Services under contract. The City issued \$101 million in utility revenue bonds to purchase utility operations on Marco Island and at adjacent Marco Shores and currently serves approximately 10,000 utility accounts. The cost of the utility acquisition was approximately \$85 million, with additional funds raised to begin the upgrading of a neglected utility infrastructure. Additional funds for capital investment are provided through monthly deposits to a Renewal and Replacement Fund and a Capital Reserve Fund required by bond covenants. This report includes details of the third full year of municipal ownership of the utility.

Financial Policies

Charter Spending Cap. The City of Marco Island is unique in Florida, with a spending cap included as part of the original charter of the City. After the first four years of incorporation, increases in annual spending are limited to three percent annually plus the annual change in the Federal cost of living index. The charter was amended by the voters in 2002 to remove the expenditures of self-supporting enterprise funds from the calculation of the spending cap. The City Council may approve emergency expenditures outside of the cap. Further information on the spending cap, and the calculation of compliance, is included in the MD&A.

Cash Management Policies and Practices. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested at favorable rates through a depository banking services agreement yielding one basis point less than the current federal funds rate. The depository account is used to hold funds needed in the short term when investment alternatives in the under-six month range are yielding less than federal funds.

In 2002, the City Council approved an investment ordinance and has a program of active portfolio management, allowing for the purchase of U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations to increase yields while maintaining safety and liquidity. Investments are limited to a maximum maturity of five years. Investment earnings in fiscal year 2007 were \$1,504,180, down from \$1,796,314 in 2006. The Federal Reserve Board has reduced rates to offset the economic slowdown from real estate.

The City's rate of return on investments for Fiscal Year 2006 was 5.62% on average cash and investment balances of \$26.75 million. As benchmark comparisons, the average of weekly 91-day Treasury bill auctions was 4.89% during this same time period and the Lehman Brothers 1-5 Year Government Index was 5.62%. As interest rates fall, the values of securities held in the portfolio rise, increasing yields for longer term investments as investments are re-priced to current market values. The City's portfolio is structured to earn a rate of return greater than the cash rate over an entire market interest rate cycle. The rate of return should consistently fall between the two above mentioned benchmarks.

Risk Management. The City of Marco Island, through fiscal year 2004, purchased property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance from the Florida League of Cities Municipal Insurance Trust. Beginning in fiscal year 2005, the City elected to self-insure a greater degree of risk, retaining the first \$100,000 per occurrence of property and liability losses and the first \$350,000 per occurrence of workers' compensation loss. This program, administered through the Public Risk Insurance Trust, reduces the fixed costs of premiums paid while limiting the financial exposure to the City with the purchase of an annual aggregate stop-loss beginning at \$500,000 in cumulative annual losses. The City is a Drug-Free Workplace and has safety programs in place to minimize risk exposures.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Marco Island, Florida, for our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to industry standards. Such report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department and we express our appreciation to them. We also thank the Chairman and City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City. In addition, we wish to express our appreciation to our audit firm, CPA Associates, for their comprehensive and efficient examination of our accounts.

Respectfully Submitted,

William P. Harrison Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Marco Island Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2006

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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President

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Executive Director

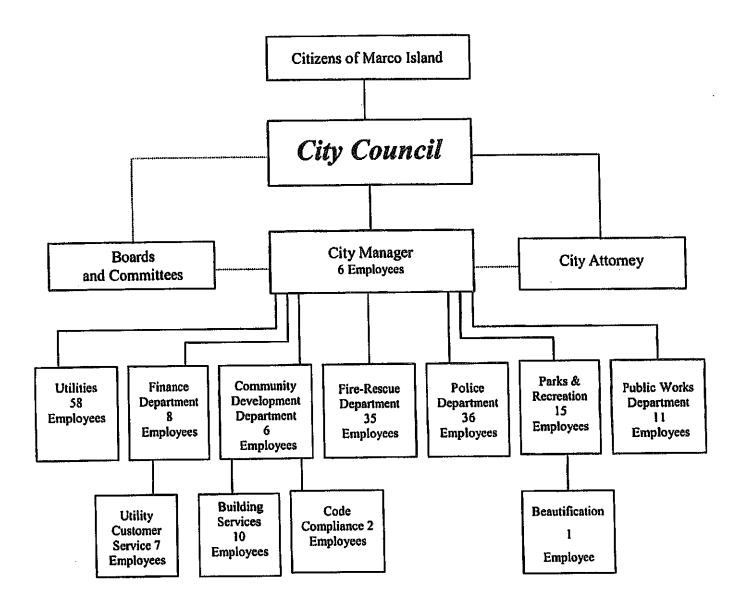
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

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City of Marco Island, Florida

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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS:

MICHAEL F. MINOZZI, JR., CITY COUNCIL CHAIRMAN WILLIAM D. TROTTER, CITY COUNCIL VICE-CHAIRMAN TERRI DISCIULLO, COUNCILWOMAN TED FORCHT, COUNCILMAN CHUCK KIESTER, COUNCILMAN ROBERT J. POPOFF, COUNCILMAN E. GLENN TUCKER, COUNCILMAN

ALAN L. GABRIEL, CITY ATTORNEY

A. WILLIAM MOSS, CITY MANAGER WILLIAM P. HARRISON, FINANCE DIRECTOR

LAURA M. LITZAN, CITY CLERK STEVE OLMSTED, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR MICHAEL MURPHY, FIRE CHIEF DANA A. SOUZA, PARKS & RECREATION DIRECTOR ROGER REINKE, POLICE CHIEF A. RONY JOEL, PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Chairman and City Council City of Marco Island Marco Island, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marco Island, Florida, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marco Island, Florida, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 14, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-15 and 65-66, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements Number 25 and 27 on pages 61-64 is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introduction section, supporting statements and schedules in the financial section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supporting statements and schedules in the financial section have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introduction section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introduction section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the subject of the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introduction section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CPA associates

Bradenton, Florida March 14, 2008

As management of the City of Marco Island, Florida (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages v - x of this report and the City's financial statements beginning on page 17.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$97,205,958 (net assets). Of this amount, \$7,536,012 represents unrestricted net assets in governmental activities that may be used to meet government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Business-type activities have a deficit balance of \$3,752,960 in unrestricted net assets. The deficit position in the Water and Sewer Fund was \$3,723,688, a decrease of \$6,907,558 from the prior year, was partially offset by \$125,962 in unrestricted net assets in nonmajor business-type activities. The reduction in the deficit position has resulted from operating revenues used to fund capital projects. The deficit position will be eliminated over the years as revenues are received in excess of expenses.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$19,391,011. Governmental activities accounted for 77.3% of net assets while business-type activities made up the remaining 22.7%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental activities reported a combined ending fund balance of \$75,123,990, an increase of \$7,849,734 over the prior year. Of that total amount, \$7,536,012 is available for spending at the City's discretion (unrestricted net assets).
- At the end of the current year at the fund level, the City's General Fund had a total fund balance of \$20,784,372, including \$2,497,833 in unreserved, undesignated fund balance. The increase of \$470,605 resulted from expenditures lower than appropriations. Governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22,545,617, a decrease of \$7,434,341 from the prior year. The decrease is the result of capital expenditures during 2007 on projects funded in prior fiscal years.
- The Water and Sewer Utility Fund began several major capital construction projects during 2007, discussed in detail later in this report. The City Council has determined that it is in the best interests of the city to use available resources of the city during construction, thereby delaying the need for issuance of debt and incurring interest expenses. As of the end of the fiscal year, the Water and Sewer Utility Fund carried a balance of \$12,450,514 as due to other funds. In March 2008, after the end of the fiscal year, the city issued \$7,000,000 in water and sewer revenue bonds, and has applied for

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an additional \$9 million in State Revolving Fund financing for sewer assessment districts constructed during fiscal years 2007 and 2008.

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• The financial condition of the City of Marco Island continued to improve during 2007. Major capital investments have been made to both the utility system and the basic infrastructure of the community. Assessed valuations have continued double-digit annual increases reflecting both a strong economy and the scarcity of waterfront property; however, the recent decline nationwide in real estate has affected the local community. Taxable values for fiscal year 2008 show the first reduction in the short history of the community. Professional department heads manage their operations within budgeted appropriations and reserve levels are sufficient to respond to changing conditions.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents revenue and expenses and shows how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported in a manner similar to the approach used by a private-sector business in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred. Accordingly, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, police services, fire/rescue services, code compliance, building services, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include its sewer collection services.

The City's government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Marco Island, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's fund financial statements are divided into three categories: (1) governmental funds, (2) proprietary funds, and (3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City presents in separate columns funds that are the most significant to the City (major funds), and all other governmental funds are aggregated and reported in a single column (nonmajor funds). At September 30, 2007, the City has three non-major funds: the Emergency Relief Fund that accounts for expenditures and pending FEMA reimbursement for storm-related damage, the Building Services Fund, and the Debt Service Fund.

The City's governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 19-22.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Marco Island has two proprietary funds, an enterprise fund for the water and sewer utility operations and the self-supporting (nonmajor) fund for recreation programs run by the City. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions as *business-type activities* in the governmental-type financial statements. The water and sewer fund showed an increase in net assets for the current fiscal year of \$11,600,678. This increase resulted from operating revenues in excess of operating expenses used to finance capital construction during the year.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-25 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The City has two fiduciary funds, a Firefighters' defined benefit pension trust fund and a Police Officers' defined benefit pension trust fund.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-60 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's defined benefit pension plan and budget-to-actual schedules for the City's major funds. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 61-66 of this report.

This report contains other information including supporting statements and schedules, a statistical section (unaudited), and other reports section, which includes reports and schedules required under Government Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following schedule is a summary of the Statement of Net Assets found on page 17 of this report:

Net Assets at September 30, 2007

	Government	Governmental Activities		e Activities	Total		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	2006	2007	<u>2006</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$25,956,733	\$36,209,954	\$20,983,412	\$ 4,313,469	\$46,940,145	\$ 40,523,423	
Capital Assets	71,780,785	58,100,242	145,395,375	114,343,279	217,176,160	172,443,521	
Total Assets	97,737,518	94,310,196	166,378,787	118,656,748	264,116,305	212,966,944	
Current and Other Liabilities	2,990,521	5,754,351	9,027,588	7,178,367	2,018,109	16,880,659	
Long-Term Debt	19,623,007	21,281,589	135,269,231	100,937,690	154,892,238	118,271,338	
Total Liabilities	22,613,528	27,035,940	144,296,819	108,116,057	166,910,347	135,151,997	
Net Assets:							
Investment in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	53,038,873	37,670,845	19,956,161	13,601,948	72,995,034	51,272,973	
Restricted	14,549,105	26,097,147	5,878,767	7,510,845	20,427,872	33,607,992	
Unrestricted	7,536,012	3,506,264	(3,752,960)	(10,572,102)	3,783,052	(7,065,838)	
Total Net Assets	\$75,123,990	\$67,274,256	\$ 22,081,968	\$ 10,540,691	\$97,205,958	\$ 77,814,947	

As noted above, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$97,205,958 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$19,391,011 from \$77,814,947 in the prior year.

The increase in total net assets of Governmental Activities resulted from significant construction of infrastructure during fiscal year 2007. The re-building of Collier Boulevard, the island's major thoroughfare, was nearing completion and work had begun on the replacement of the East Winterberry Bridge. In Business-Type Activities, the increase in total net assets resulted from rate base revenues used for repayment of debt and from spending related to construction in the first year of the multi-year \$123 million program to extend central sewer to approximately 5,600 single-family residential properties on septic tanks.

A substantial portion of the City's net assets (75%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should still be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

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The following is a summary of the information presented in the Statement of Activities found on page 18 of the report:

Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Governments	al Activities	Business-Typ	oe Activities	Total		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Revenues:	-						
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 1,499,337	\$ 1,617,002	\$ 20,751,473	\$ 19,155,282	\$22,250,810	\$20,772,284	
Operating Grants & Contributions	321,497	2,259,878	55,127	45,003	376,624	2,304,881	
Capital Grants & Contributions	2,423,999	2,481,096	6,925,418	1,450,000	9,349,417	3,931,096	
Taxes	18,819,843	15,602,566	-	-	18,819,843	15,602,566	
State Shared Revenues	1,952,268	2,393,388	-	-	1,952,268	2,393,388	
Other Revenues	979,834	1,726,831	3,534,039	997,061	4,513,873	2,723,892	
Total Revenues	25,996,778	26,080,761	31,266,057	21,647,346	57,262,835	47,728,107	
Expenses:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	3,769,788	4,799,331	-	-	3,769,788	4,799,331	
Police Services	3,570,381	3,024,973	-	-	3,570,381	3,024,973	
Fire/Rescue	3,633,748	3,156,845	-	-	3,633,748	3,156,845	
Code Compliance	179,376	148,161	-	-	179,376	148,161	
Building Services	1,350,070	1,128,468	-	-	1,350,070	1,128,468	
Transportation	3,008,553	2,726,090	-	-	3,008,553	2,726,090	
Culture & Recreation	1,922,094	1,574,669	-	-	1,922,094	1,574,669	
Interest on Long Term Debt	713,034	628,218	-	-	713,034	628,218	
Business-type Activities:							
Water / Sewer Fund	-	-	19,576,391	17,736,604	19,576,391	17,736,604	
Recreation	-	<u> </u>	148,389	118,309	148,389	118,309	
Total Expenses	18,147,044	17,186,755	19,724,780	17,854,913	37,871,824	35,041,668	
Increase in Net Assets	7,849,734	8,894,006	11,541,277	3,792,433	19,391,011	12,686,439	
Net Assets – Beginning of Year	67,274,256	58,380,250	10,540,691	6,748,258	77,814,947	65,128,508	
Net Assets – End of Year	\$75,123,990	\$67,274,256	\$ 22,081,968	\$ 10,540,691	\$97,205,958	\$ 77,814,947	

The increase in Other Revenues, Business-Type Activities, resulted from assessments imposed for the first year of construction in the major program to bring all island properties onto central sewer.

Governmental Funds

The fund statements for the governmental funds are provided on pages 19-22. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,545,617. Of this amount, \$2,497,833 constitutes an *unreserved* and *undesignated fund balance* in the General Fund, which is available for spending at the City's discretion subject to budgetary constraints and the City's Spending Cap, discussed below in detail. The total unreserved and undesignated fund balance for the Governmental Funds is \$3,491,698. That total results from a negative unreserved and undesignated fund balance in the Electric Fund of \$1,045,253 and in the Emergency Relief Fund of \$338,840. Capital expenditures for the undergrounding of power lines and installation of decorative lighting fixtures along Collier Boulevard will be recovered from fiscal year 2008 revenues in excess of budgeted expenditures. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved or designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. The following governmental fund balances have been reserved:

* Parks Construction	\$ 338,646
* Road Construction	392,735
* Fire Services	66,455
* Police Services	318,564
* Debt Service	767,380
* Prepaid Expenditures	23,550

The fund balance in the General Fund has been designated for the following purposes:

*	Capital Projects	\$13,409,155
*	Emergency Reserve	3,737,434

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund is \$2,497,833, while the total fund balance is \$20,784,372. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unreserved fund balance, including undesignated and emergency reserves, represents 47% of General Fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

The fund financial statements for the City's proprietary funds provide essentially the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements. Factors concerning the finances of the proprietary funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget of the City's General fund was an increase in net appropriations of \$715,967. The increase in appropriations resulted from capital expenditures originally budgeted in 2006, with the expenditure in 2007, pension costs of the new Police Officers' Pension Plan, and a significant wage increase granted to firefighters to remain market competitive.

Both the original budget and the final amended budget were adopted with a budgeted increase in fund balance due to budgeted property tax revenues increasing. During the year, revenues exceeded budgetary estimates and expenditures were less than budgetary appropriations. However, the unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the General Fund declined, as discussed above. $\left[\right]$

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Charter Spending Cap

The City of Marco Island is governed by a Spending Cap in the City Charter, limiting the growth in expenditures to three percent (3%) plus the year-to-year change in the federal cost of living adjustment (COLA). In September 2002, voters approved amending the Spending Cap by removing all expenditures of business-type enterprise funds and expenditures funded by grants, gifts, and impact fees from the calculation of expenditures covered by the Spending Cap. Resolution 03-13, approved by the City Council in January 2003, established legislative intent and procedures for the calculation of expenditures covered by this resolution are:

- The Spending Cap shall be determined on a "budget-to-budget" basis, with the approved budget for the prior year used as a base, and increased by the allowable three percent (3%) and the annual COLA to establish the Spending Cap for the new fiscal year.
- Expenditures funded by the proceeds of municipal debt are not counted against the Spending Cap; however, all debt service payments for the life of the debt are counted against the Cap.
- Capital expenditures budgeted and subject to the Spending Cap in a prior fiscal year, but unexpended as of the end of that fiscal year, may be carried forward into a subsequent year and those expenditures not counted against the Spending Cap a second time in the subsequent year.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, the City was in compliance with the Charter Spending Cap:

Expenditures fiscal year 2007:

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General Fund General Fund Transfer to Self-Insurance Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$12,913,472 415,248 14,906,202 2,415,538	
TOTAL OF ALL FUNDS		\$ 30,650,460
Less: Expenditures funded by grants and gifts:		(2,156,043)
Less: Expenditures funded by impact fees:		(154,211)
Less: Expenditures funded by cash forward from fiscal ye 2006 and subject to 2006 Spending Cap:	ar	(23,196,897)
Less: City Council approved Emergency Expenditures		0
Add Back: Funding for uncompleted balance of fiscal yea 2007 capital projects, subject to Spending Cap in 2007; balanced carried forward to 2008		12,552,010
Fiscal Year 2007 Expenditures subject to Spending Ca	թ։	\$ 17,695,319
Fiscal Year 2007 Spending Cap:		\$ 17,695,319

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Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2007, amounts to \$217,176,160 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, construction in progress, other assets, and utility systems.

Major construction projects during the current fiscal year included the following:

- A new Police Station and community facility located on the City Hall campus was completed in August 2007.
- The re-construction of Collier Boulevard was substantially complete by the end of Fiscal Year 2007, with all work completed except for the final asphalt layer and landscaping in December 2007. Work included underground power lines, replacement and over-sizing of water and wastewater lines, replacement and upgrading of storm drainage facilities, and a new roadway system.
- Phase I for the conversion of the Marco Island wastewater treatment plant to a membrane bio-reactor treatment process was underway in Fiscal Year 2007. Over a four year construction schedule, the entire plant will be upgraded as well as the capacity expanded from the current 3.5 million gallons per day (MGD) to 5.0 MGD to accommodate new sewer customers.
- A seventh aquifer storage and recovery (ASR) well was completed in 2007. ASR wells allow for the storage of surface water during the traditionally wet summer months and recovery for treatment and distribution to customers during the dry winter months.
- The Septic Tank Replacement Program continued with Phase II in 2007, financed through sewer assessments. This seven-year program will bring all of Marco Island onto central sewer. 5,653 properties will be affected, almost exclusively single-family residences. The existing central sewer system serves all of the multi-family properties on the island and almost all of the commercial areas of the city.
- Replacement of the East Winterberry Bridge began in 2007, with completion scheduled for August 2008, at a total budgeted cost of \$5.5 million. The City of Marco Island owns twelve (12) bridges on the island. The East Winterberry Bridge is the third bridge to be replaced since incorporation in 1998.

Capital Assets										
(Net of Depreciation)										
	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	be Activities	Total					
	2007	2007	2006							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 15,040,187	\$14,825,071	\$ 16,514,861	\$ 16,514,861	\$ 31,555,048	\$ 31,339,932				
Buildings and Improvements	3,726,945	3,702,439	6,523,487	6,523,487	10,250,432	10,225,926				
Infrastructure	35,733,937	25,277,503		-	35,733,937	25,277,503				
Vehicles and Equipment	5,199,254	4,468,131	48,861,058	47,378,700	54,060,312	51,846,831				
Transmission & Distribution	-	-	41,055,292	35,660,767	41,055,292	35,660,767				
Construction Work in Process	26,014,460	21,281,784	49,043,672	20,095,014	75,058,132	41,376,798				
Accumulated Depreciation	(13,933,998)	(11,454,686)	(16,602,995)	(11,829,550)	(30,536,993)	(23,284,236)				
	\$71,780,785	\$ 58,100,242	\$145,395,375	\$114,343,279	\$217,176,160	\$ 172,443,521				

Major capital asset balances at the end of the current fiscal year are summarized as follows:

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note C, d. of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$143,119,420 (excluding accrued compensated absences, bond premiums, and deferred assessments). Of that amount, \$8,760,000 is considered general obligation debt, backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's revenue bonds are secured solely by specified revenue sources.

Long-Term Debt								
-	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	<u>2007</u>	2006	2007	2006	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>		
Revenue Bonds, Series 2000B	\$ 665,000	\$ 725,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 665,000	\$ 725,000		
Gen Obligation Bonds, Srs 2004	8,760,000	9,315,000	-	-	8,760,000	9,315,000		
Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	6,000,000	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	6,000,000		
Capital Lease	316,912	389,397	-	-	316,912	389,397		
Revenue Note, Series 2006	3,000,000	4,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	4,000,000		
Utility Revenue Bonds, Srs 2003	-	-	97,255,000	99,205,000	97,255,000	99,205,000		
Utility Revenue Bonds, Srs 2007	-	-	5,500,000	-	5,500,000	-		
Utility Revenue Note, Srs 2007	-	-	19,996,278	-	19,996,278	-		
State Revolving Loan	-		1,626,230	403,464	1,626,230	403,464		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 18,741,912	\$20,429,397	\$124,377,508	\$ 99,608,464	\$ 143,119,420	\$ 120,037,861		

Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 were issued to finance capital improvements to the City's water and wastewater systems. The Utility Revenue Note is a short-term, variable rate line of credit issued to initially finance the Septic Tank Replacement Program. Proceeds from the State Revolving Loan are used to finance sewer assessment neighborhood construction. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note C, f. of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Property Taxes

For fiscal year 2007, the City's assessed valuation increased an additional 26.8% to \$12,026,168,600. The tax levy was reduced from 1.3875 mils to 1.3181 mils, a reduction greater than the statutory increase in the taxable valuation of homestead properties.

For fiscal year 2008, the City's assessed valuation declined to \$11,303,599,084, a loss of approximately 6% of taxable value on existing properties, partially offset by new construction. The City of Marco Island complied with the mandate from Florida Tax Reform to reduce property taxes by 9%, reducing the tax levy to 1.2833 mils. The 2008 budget is balanced at that reduced level.

Electric Franchise Fee

In November 2004, the City Council entered into a franchise agreement with Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. (LCEC). In return for contractual use of public rights-of-way, LCEC pays to the City a franchise fee equal to five percent (5%) of gross revenues. Funds from this franchise have been restricted by the City Council to provide for underground power, new street light fixtures, and street lighting throughout the community.

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Water and Wastewater Utility

For fiscal year 2007, water and wastewater operating rates were increased by 4.1% to reflect increasing costs for power, chemicals, and sludge hauling and disposal. City Council has expressed a preference for measured annual increases to reflect the costs of operation of the utility, rather than periodic large increases. During fiscal year 2007, rates were increased an additional 2% as the first of four steps for an 8% rate increase. This rate increase will transfer the costs of roadway repairs in neighborhoods after completion of the central sewer project, described below, to the entire rate base rather than an assessment cost.

The city has 5.653 single-family properties that are either served by septic systems or vacant properties without central sewer available. City Council has approved a Septic Tank Replacement Program that will extend the central sewer system to all properties by 2012. A companion project is the upgrading and expansion of the wastewater treatment from the current 3.5 millions of gallons per day (MGD) to 5.0 MGD. The program began in 2006, with construction of the first of two neighborhood sewer systems and phase one of the wastewater plant upgrading and expansion. Upgrading of the existing wastewater plant will be financed with utility revenue bonds, paid by increases in the rate base. Plant expansion and construction of neighborhood central sewer systems will be financed by assessments on the affected properties, with financial contributions from other city sources.

For fiscal year 2008, utility rates were increased by 13.3%, which included a 3.3% cost of operation increase, the second 2% step for roadway overlay, and an 8% increase to relieve new customers connected to the sewer system from the costs of the upgrading of the existing wastewater treatment plant.

East Winterberry Bridge

The East Winterberry Bridge is one of the original bridges on Marco Island, built in the 1960's as part of the initial development of the community. The bridge is functionally obsolete and has been scheduled for replacement in the City's long-term capital plan. The bridge sustained damage from both Hurricane Charlie in 2004 and Hurricane Wilma in 2005. The City Council appropriated \$4.4 million in the Fiscal Year 2006 budget for the emergency replacement of this bridge. An additional \$1.1 million was appropriated in the 2007 budget. Construction is underway and scheduled for completion in August 2008.

Requests for Information

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This financial report is designed to provide interested users with a general overview of the City of Marco Island's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 50 Bald Eagle Drive, Marco Island, Florida 34145.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

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					Component
		Pr	imary Government		Unit
		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Hideaway Beach District
Assets Pooled cash and investments	\$	11 (04 002	10.024.000	01 700 100	600 620
Receivables:	Э	11,694,023	10,034,099	21,728,122	600,620
Account - Net		868,892	2,055,282	2,924,174	
Interest		103,037	2,000,202	103,037	
Assessments - Current portion		105,057	199,971	199,971	
Assessments interest			417,672	417,672	
Due from other governments		267,105	417,072	267,105	
Internal balances		12,605,748	(12,605,748)	207,105	
Prepaid items		23,550	(12,005,748)	23,550	
Restricted cash and investments		23,330	 11,278,656	11,278,656	
Assessments receivable			7,183,358	7,183,358	
Bond issue costs - Net		 147,608	2,420,122	2,567,730	25,401
Net pension asset		246,770	L,420,122	2,567,750	25,401
Capital assets:		240,770		240,770	
•		41.054.647	65 559 577	106 612 100	
Nondepreciable		41,054,647	65,558,533	106,613,180	
Depreciable Total Assets	\$	30,726,138 97,737,518	79,836,842	110,562,980	626,021
1 otal Assets	<u> </u>	97,737,518	166,378,787	264,116,305	020,021
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	2,176,509	6,433,940	8,610,449	31,117
Accrued liabilities		586,440	168,940	755,380	
Deposits		31,800		31,800	
Accrued interest		195,772	2,424,708	2,620,480	14,595
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		2,692,692	7,766,408	10,459,100	470,000
Due in more than one year		16,930,315	127,502,823	144,433,138	1,550,000
Total Liabilities		22,613,528	144,296,819	166,910,347	2,065,712
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related del	ht	53,038,873	19,956,161	72,995,034	
Restricted for:	Uι	C10,0C0,CC	12,230,101	12,273,034	
Capital outlay		14,164,086	A AAQ 717	18 610 709	
Renewal and replacement		14,104,000	4,448,712	18,612,798	
Police, fire and rescue		295 010	1,430,055	1,430,055 385,019	
Unrestricted		385,019	 (2.752.060)	•	(1 420 601
		7,536,012	(3,752,960)	3,783,052	(1,439,691
Total Net Assets		75,123,990	22,081,968	97,205,958	(1,439,691

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

1,439,691) 151,330) 786,244 2,225,935) 1 ł 28,966 908,608 937,574 Component Unit Hideaway Beach District Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets 713,034) 58,348) 77,814,947 97,205,958 3,282,469) ,585,165) 5,894,973) 676,038 1,952,268 1,717,077 20,000 2,615,425) 3,454,762) 377,941) ,815,067) ,902,211) 7,984,405 22,833 8,007,238 1,913,134 ,776,796 25,285,984 19,391,011 15,315,942 914,729 Total Primary Government ł ۱ I 1 ł 1 1 1 8,007,238 1 797,892 ł 3,534,039 11,541,277 7,984,405 2,736,147 22,081,968 Business-Type 22,833 10,540,691 8,007,238 Activities 2,615,425) 3,454,762) 13,902,211) ,585,165) .,815,067) 713,034) 7,849,734 3,282,469) 58,348) 377,941) 13,902,211) ł ł 20,000 21,751,945 67,274,256 914,729 1,913,134 1,952,268 75,123,990 5.315.942 676,038 919,185 40.649 Governmental Activities 21,455 12,942 241,214 6,925,418 725,000 1,423,388 6,925,418 9,349,417 2,423,999 Capital Grants Contributions and Program Revenues Operating Grants State shared revenues-unrestricted 20,676 7,350 55,127 376,624 ł 1 1 I. 321.497 ł 293,471 55,127 Contributions Communication service tax Gain on sale of capital assets Net assets - Beginning of year Net assets - End of year and **Fotal General Revenues Change in Net Assets** Property taxes Franchise fees General Revenues 1 85,572 102,715 121,028 Miscellaneous 972,129 20,635,378 22,250,810 Other taxes 135,892 82,001 1,499,337 20,751,473 116,095 Charges for Services Interest Taxes: (,350,070 1,922,094 3,633,748 179,376 3,008,553 8,147,044 19,576,391 148.389 37,871,824 151,330 3,769,788 3,570,381 713.034 19,724,780 Expenses ŝ 60 **Component Unit - Hideaway Beach District Fotal Business-Type Activities Fotal Governmental Activities Fotal Primary Government** Function/Program Activities Interest on long-term debt **Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities** Culture and recreation General government Code compliance Building services Water and sewer Fire and rescue Transportation Police services Recreation

See accompanying notes. 18

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

					••••	
	<u></u>	General	Electric	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Fund Totals	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Pooled cash and investments	\$	6,926,078		1,442,651	3,177,166	11,545,895
Receivables:						
Account - net		292,360	545,820		30,712	868,892
Interest		103,037				103,037
Due from other funds		14,383,655				14,383,655
Due from other governments		267,105				267,105
Prepaid items		23,550				23,550
Total Assets	\$	21,995,785	545,820	1,442,651	3,207,878	27,192,134
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	697,778	27,405	1,442,651	7,378	2,175,212
Accrued liabilities		272,456			24,529	296,985
Due to other funds			1,563,668		369,473	1,933,141
Unearned revenue		209,379				209,379
Deposits		31,800				31,800
Total Liabilities		1,211,413	1,591,073	1,442,651	401,380	4,646,517
Fund Balances						
Reserved for:						
Parks construction or operation		338,646				338,646
Road construction		392,735				392,735
Fire services		66,455				66,455
Police services		318,564				318,564
Debt service					767,380	767,380
Prepaid expenditures		23,550				23,550
Unreserved, undesignated						
General		2,497,833				2,497,833
Electric			(1,045,253)			(1,045,253)
Emergency relief					(338,840)	(338,840)
Building services					2,377,958	2,377,958
Unreserved, designated for:						
Capital projects		13,409,155				13,409,155
Emergency reserve		3,737,434				3,737,434
Total Fund Balances	_	20,784,372	(1,045,253)		2,806,498	22,545,617
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	21,995,785	545,820	1,442,651	3,207,878	27,192,134

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2007

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Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	22,545,617
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Bond issue costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		147,608
Net pension assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		246,770
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	85,714,783 <u>(13,933,998)</u>	71,780,785
Deferred revenue for code enforcement violations are not available at year end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental fund	s.	209,379
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		12,610
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		(195,772)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Revenue bond - Series 2000B Revenue bond - Series 2004 Revenue bond - Series 2005 Revenue bond - Series 2006 Capital lease Compensated absences	(665,000) (8,760,000) (6,000,000) (3,000,000) (316,912) (881,095)	(19,623,007)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ 75,123,990

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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_	General	Electric	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Fund Totals	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	<u> ቀ 16 051 420</u>	1 012 124		955 270	18,819,843
Taxes	\$ 16,051,430	1,913,134		855,279 972,129	1,008,708
Licenses and permits	36,579		905 41C		4,271,471
Intergovernmental	2,082,584		895,416	1,293,471	4,271,471 435,456
Charges for services	435,456				433,430 82,001
Fines and forfeitures	82,001			126 109	
Interest income	782,987			136,198	919,185
Miscellaneous	81,530	1 012 124	273,835		355,365
Total Revenues	19,552,567	1,913,134	1,169,251	3,257,077	23,892,029
Expenditures Current:					
General government	3,261,624			341,302	3,602,926
Police services	3,468,913			541,502	3,468,913
Fire and rescue	3,553,821				3,553,821
Code compliance	177,469				177,469
Electric	177,402	1,027,835			1,027,835
Building services		1,027,000		1,326,773	1,326,773
Transportation	 1,153,895			1,520,775	1,153,895
Culture and recreation	1,712,998				1,712,998
Debt service:	1,/12,990				1,714,330
				1,687,485	1,687,485
Principal				728,053	728,053
Interest and fiscal charges			14 006 202	120,035	14,906,202
Capital outlay	12 229 720	1 007 925	14,906,202	4 092 612	33,346,370
Total Expenditures	13,328,720	1,027,835	14,906,202	4,083,613	33,340,370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,223,847	885,299	(13,736,951)	(826,536)	(7,454,341)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			12 726 051	880.000	14 617 571
Transfers in			13,736,951	880,620	14,617,571
Transfers out	(14,617,571)				(14,617,571)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	20,000				20,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14,597,571)		13,736,951	880,620	20,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(8,373,724)	885,299		54,084	(7,434,341)
Fund Balances - October 1, 2006	29,158,096	(1,930,552)		2,752,414	29,979,958
Fund Balances - September 30, 2007	\$ 20,784,372	(1,045,253)		2,806,498	22,545,617

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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Easthe Very Ended Sectomber 20, 2007			
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007			<u>.</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(7,434,341)
Amount Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of			
Activities are Different Because:			
The statement of activities reports changes in the net pension asset.			
Conversely, governmental funds do not report any changes in the net pension asset.			28,465
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:			
Expenditures for capital assets	16,247,190		
Less: current year depreciation	(2,566,647)	1	13,680,543
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of			
insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of			
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(164,467)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	l		
resources are not reported in the fund statements.			84,749
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	9		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as			
expenditures in the governmental funds:			
Change in compensated absences		(28,903
Accrued interest			15,019
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds,			
but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net			
assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			
in the statement of net assets:			
Amortization of bond issue costs	(18,816)		
Add: principal payments	1,687,485		1,668,669
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	7,849,734

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water and Sewer	Recreation (Nonmajor)	Total	Activities- Internal Service Fund		
ssets						
Current Assets						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,902,273	131,826	10,034,099	148,128		
Accounts receivable - net	2,054,800	482	2,055,282	-		
Assessments receivable - current portion	199,971		199,971	-		
Assessments interest receivable	417,672		417,672	-		
Total Current Assets	12,574,716	132,308	12,707,024	148,128		
Noncurrent Assets						
Restricted cash and investments	11,278,656		11,278,656			
Assessments receivable	7,183,358		7,183,358			
Bond issue costs - net	2,420,122		2,420,122			
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,882,136		20,882,136	······		
Capital Assets						
Land	16,514,861		16,514,861			
Transmission and distribution	41,055,292		41,055,292			
Buildings and improvements	6,523,487		6,523,487			
Vehicles and equipment	48,821,737	39,321	48,861,058			
Construction in progress	49,043,672	59,521	49,043,672			
Accumulated depreciation	(16,592,689)	(10,306)	(16,602,995)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	145,366,360	29,015	145,395,375			
Fotal Assets	\$ 178,823,212	161,323	178,984,535	148,12		
	φ 178,025,212 	101,525	170,704,555			
Liabilities Current Liabilities						
	¢ (100,400	4 4 4 1	6 422 040	1.00		
Accounts payable	\$ 6,429,499	4,441	6,433,940	1,29		
Accrued liabilities	167,035	1,905	168,940	289,45		
Accrued compensated absences - current portion	191,957		191,957			
Accrued interest	2,424,708		2,424,708			
Deferred assessment revenue - current portion	5,301,086		5,301,086			
Deferred assessment interest revenue	242,661		242,661			
Bonds payable - current portion	2,030,704		2,030,704			
Due to other funds	12,450,514		12,450,514			
Total Current Liabilities	29,238,164	6,346	29,244,510	290,7:		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Bonds and loans payable	123,408,510		123,408,510			
Accrued compensated absences	69,209		69,209			
Deferred assessment revenue	4,025,104		4,025,104			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	127,502,823		127,502,823			
Total Liabilities	156,740,987	6,346	156,747,333	290,7		
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,927,146	29,015	19,956,161			
Restricted for:			,,- - ,- - ,-			
Construction	737,766		737,766			
Capital reserve	3,710,946		3,710,946			
Renewal and replacement	1,430,055		1,430,055			
Unrestricted		125 042	(3,597,726)	(142,6		
Total Net Assets	<u>(3,723,688)</u> 22,082,225	<u>125,962</u> 154,977	22,237,202	<u>(142,0</u> (142,6		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$ 178,823,212</u>	161,323	178,984,535	148,1		
Net assets - above			\$ 22,237,202			
Adjustment to reflect the internal service fund act	ivities reflected in the ente		(155,234)			
Net assets of business-type activities - page 18		*	\$ 22,081,968	-		

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Business-Type			
	Water and Sewer	Recreation (Nonmajor)	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 20,635,378	116,095	20,751,473	919,466
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	3,680,971	25,833	3,706,804	
Insurance	439,224		439,224	1,168,351
Utilities	2,258,709		2,258,709	·
Contractual fees	743,331	109,053	852,384	
Repairs and maintenance	570,017		570,017	
Supplies	1,218,551		1,218,551	
Rental and lease costs	76,343		76,343	
Other expenses	826,375	9,364	835,739	
Amortization	56,467		56,467	
Depreciation	4,769,306	4,139	4,773,445	
Total Operating Expenses	14,639,294	148,389	14,787,683	1,168,351
Operating Income (Loss)	5,996,084	(32,294)	5,963,790	(248,885)
Non-operating Income (Expense)				
Interest earnings	797,892		797,892	2,184
Interest expense	(4,854,863)		(4,854,863)	
Miscellaneous expense	(19,768)		(19,768)	
Other non-operating income	2,755,915	55,127	2,811,042	
Total Non-operating Income (Expense)	(1,320,824)	55,127	(1,265,697)	2,184
Income before transfers and capital contributions	4,675,260	22,833	4,698,093	(246,701)
Capital contributions	6,925,418		6,925,418	
Change in Net Assets	11,600,678	22,833	11,623,511	(246,701
Net Assets - October 1, 2006	10,481,547	132,144		104,077
Total Net Assets - September 30, 2007	\$ 22,082,225	154,977		(142,624

Adjustment to reflect the internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds Change in net assets of business-type activities - page 19

(<u>82,234</u>) <u>11,541,277</u> $\left[\right]$

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
		Water and Sewer		ecreation ionmajor)	Total		Internal ervice Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers and users	\$	21,324,183		170,740	21,494,923			
Cash received from interfund services provided Cash payments to vendors for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	(5,697,549) 3,638,637)	(114,373) 25,833)	 (5,811,922) (3,664,470)	(919,466 1,017,290)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u> </u>	11,987,997	<u> </u>	30,534	12,018,531	(97,824)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing								
Activities		06 650 510			07 750 719			
Proceeds from issuance of debt		26,653,718			26,653,718			
Utility improvement projects grant Utility improvement projects from other sources		2,150,000 2,755,915			2,150,000 2,755,915			
Proceeds from special assessment		6,544,705			6,544,705			
Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment	(34,524,071)	(2,697)	(34,526,768)			
Receipts from customers for contracted plumbing	``	397,602	`		397,602			
Payments to contracted plumbers	(417,370)			(417,370)			
Principal paid on capital debt	Ì	1,884,674)			(1,884,674)			
Issue costs paid on notes payable	(457,078)			(457,078)			
Payment of interest	(4,751,444)			(4,751,444)	_		
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	((3,532,697)	(2,697)	(3,535,394)			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest received on investments	.	797,892			797,892		2,184	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		9,253,192		27,837	9,281,029	(95,640)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2006		11,927,737		103,989	12,031,726		243,768	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30, 2007	\$	21,180,929		131,826	21,312,755		148,128	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,996,084	(32,294)	5,963,790	(248,885)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation		4,769,306		4,139	4,773,445			
Amortization		56,467			56,467			
Other non-operating income				55,127	55,127			
Decrease (Increase) in assets and increase (decrease) in liabilities								
Accounts receivable		688,805	(482)	688,323			
Accounts receivable and accrued liabilities		442,985	(4,044	447,029		151,061	
Accrued compensation		34,350			34,350			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$		_	30,534	12,018,531	<u> </u>	97,824)	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	9,902,273		131,826	10,034,099		148,128	
Restricted cash and investments	ψ	11,278,656		121,020	11,278,656			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30, 2007	\$	21,180,929		131,826	21,312,755	·	148,128	
Nonosh Financing Activities								
Noncash Financing Activities: Assessments receivable		242,661		_	242,661		··-	
Assessments interest receivable		4,153,003			4,153,003			
		.,,			.,200,000			

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Pension Trust Funds		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	521,758	
Accounts receivable		9,489	
Due from other funds		80,000	
Investments, at fair value:			
Common stock		2,170,923	
Government bonds		1,357,609	
Accrued interest		10,388	
Total Assets		4,150,167	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		719	
Due to other funds		80,000	
Total Liabilities		80,719	
Net Assets			
Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	<u></u>	4,069,448	

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Pensic	on Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	381,270
Employee		102,914
State of Florida insurance funds, from the City General Fund		675,372
Other		153
Total contributions		1,159,709
Investment income (expense):		
Investment earnings		322,088
Investment expenses	_(27,421)
Net investment income		294,667
Total Additions		1,454,376
Deductions		
Legal		29,188
Actuary		10,905
Administrative		6,775
Refunds to contributors		719
Total Deductions		47,587
Change in Net Assets		1,406,789
Net Assets - October 1, 2006		2,662,659
Net Assets - September 30, 2007	\$	4,069,448

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

a. Reporting Entity

The City of Marco Island, Florida, was established in a special election by mail ballot per Florida House of Representatives HB 1729 on August 28, 1997. The City of Marco Island, Florida, (the City) is located on the Gulf of Mexico in the westernmost portion of Collier County. The City operates and is governed by the laws of the State of Florida and its own Charter, which provides for a Council/Manager form of government.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, Hideaway Beach District (Hideaway), an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Hideaway was approved by voters within the Hideaway Beach district during 2004, for the specific purpose of authorizing limited general bond obligations not to exceed \$2,900,000 for the sole purpose of financing a beach re-nourishment project. The seven year general obligation bonds will be financed by a special ad valorem tax within the Hideaway Beach neighborhood.

Hideaway is a discretely presented component unit and is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Separate statements are not issued.

In addition to the discretely presented component unit, this report also includes the accounts and transactions of the City of Marco Island Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Plans (the Firefighters' Pension Plan and the Police Officers' Pension Plan). These plans do not satisfy the definition of a component unit because they are not legally separate from the City.

b. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from its legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and

other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements, and the fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, accrued compensated absences, and expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• The *general fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Most of the essential governmental services such as police services, fire/rescue, code compliance, building services, transportation, culture and recreation, and general administration are provided by the General Fund.

- The *capital projects fund* accounts for the activities associated with construction and the preservation of the City's governmental capital assets.
- The *electric special revenue* fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the franchise agreement with the Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. to provide electricity, in addition to the related construction of underground power and street lighting throughout the community. This fund has been reported as a major fund as of September 30, 2007 even though it does not meet the criteria for major fund reporting. The City has elected to treat this fund as major to enhance consistency from year to year.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

• The *water and sewer fund* accounts for the water and sewer collection services provided to its customers. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including personal services, contractual services and utilities, depreciation, and other expenses.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- The *internal service fund* accounts for the collection of premiums, accumulation of reserves, and payment of insurance claims for the City.
- The *pension trust funds* account for the activities of the Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Plans, which accumulate resources for defined benefit payments to qualified employees.

Private-sector standards and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. In the fund financial statements, the City charged the Building Services Fund \$405,060 for indirect services provided by General Fund departments which have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities in accordance with this policy.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's primary ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund and the recreation enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

d. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments:

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City's investment practices are governed by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, and the City's investment policy Ordinance No. 02-19. These allow the City to invest in certificates of deposit; money market investments; obligations of and securities backed by the U. S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities; repurchase agreements; banker's acceptances; prime commercial paper; state and government debt; fixed-income mutual funds; and the State Board of Administration.

Investments for the City, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value.

The pension trust fund may also invest in qualified public depositories, or other investments as determined by an investment advisor, retained by the Pension Board, subject to guidelines prescribed by the Pension Board.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on specific assessment of all amounts that remain unpaid following normal payment periods. All amounts deemed to be uncollectible are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period the determination is made.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure, the City was able to estimate the historical cost through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts

spent in relation to the capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

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Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	20-40 Years
Infrastructure	10-40 Years
Vehicles and Equipment	5-10 Years

6. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned leave, but not unused personal leave. These amounts are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Full-time City employees earn from 160 to 224 hours annually, based upon years of service, and can accrue up to 720 hours. Police employees earn from 160 to 220 hours annually, based upon years of service, and can accrue up to 720 hours. City Firefighters under union contract earn from 216 to 336 hours annually, based upon years of service, and can accrue up to 936 hours. Upon termination, these employees are entitled to all accumulated earned leave hours paid out at the hourly rate.

7. Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

9. Property Tax Calendar

The City levies property taxes each November 1, which become a lien on real and personal property located in the City. The assessment of all properties and the collection of all property taxes are made through the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector of Collier County, Florida. The current year's tax levy is based on taxable assessed real and personal property values totaling \$11,570,581,313.

Details of the tax calendar are presented below:

Lien Date	January 1, 2006
Levy Date	November 1, 2006
Installment Payments	
First Installment	No Later Than June 30, 2006
Second Installment	No Later Than September 30, 2006
Third Installment	No Later Than December 31, 2006
Fourth Installment	No Later Than March 31, 2007
Regular Payments	
Discount Periods	November 2006 through February 2007
No Discount Period	After March 1, 2007
Delinquent Date	April 1, 2007

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

a. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except for the emergency relief fund.

Prior to May 1, all agencies of the government submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. Prior to June 30, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The Council holds public hearings and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

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NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level, except in the general fund where the legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (i.e., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Certain budgeted expenditures are subject to a "spending cap." These expenditures are limited to an increase from the prior year's budgeted expenditures of 3% plus the then-current federal cost-of-living adjustment. This limitation was amended and clarified in 2002, by voter referendum and in 2003, by Council Resolution.

The spending cap for the 2007 fiscal year, as adopted by City Council, was \$17,695,319. The final actual amount for the 2007 fiscal year was \$17,695,319, which was in accordance with the spending cap limit.

b. Deficit Fund Equity

The emergency relief fund has a deficit fund balance of \$338,840 as of September 30, 2007. The fund incurred expenditures related to hurricane relief in excess of revenues received from FEMA and other sources. The emergency relief fund will continue to maintain a deficit fund balance until revenues related to reimbursement of expenditures have been relieved or until FEMA completes its process for reimbursing expenditures for both Hurricane Charley and Hurricane Wilma.

The electric fund has a deficit fund balance of \$1,045,253 as of September 30, 2007. The fund incurred capital outlay expenditures when the fund was adopted which significantly impacted its fund balance. The deficit fund balance is expected to be relieved in fiscal year 2008 with revenues in excess of expenditures.

The internal service fund has a deficit balance of \$142,624 as of September 30, 2007. The fund had significant claims during the year ended September 30, 2007. The deficit fund balance is expected to be relieved in fiscal year 2008 with revenues in excess of expenditures.

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NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

a. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2007, the City had the following deposits and investments:

		Matures in				
	No Specific	Less Than 1	Matures in	Matures in	Matures in	Total (at Fair
Deposit and Investment Type	Maturity	Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10 + Years	Value)
Deposits with bank	\$	16,933,925				16,933,925
Money market		4,144,173				4,144,173
U. S. securities		2,224,327	11,796,171	24,465	558,181	14,603,144
Common stock	1,976,446					1,976,446
Total deposits and investments	\$ 1,976,446	23,302,425	11,796,171	24,465	558,181	37,657,688

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio, excluding investments held by the pension trust funds, to maturities of five years or less. The investment maturities of the pension trust funds are not limited.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual funds to the top two ratings issued by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The City's investment policy allows the following investment types and limitations:

Investment Type	Maximum Portfolio Allocation	Maximum Investment with any Institution
Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury	100%	none
Securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government	35%	none
Securities backed by federal agencies	75%	50% of the portfolio
Agency-issued mortgage-backed securities	35%	none
Repurchase agreements	50%	none
Certificates of deposit	35%	none
Bankers acceptances	25%	\$1,000,000
Prime commercial paper	25%	\$1,000,000
State/Government taxable and tax-exempt debt	25%	none
Dollar denominated money market mutual funds	25%	none
Fixed-income mutual funds	25%	none
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust	100%	none

The pension trust fund investments are determined by the Board of Directors of the pension trust funds. The portfolios of the pension trust funds are geared for long-term growth and are allocated at 60% common stocks and 40% bond funds, with a maximum of 10% of the portfolios being invested in foreign investments.

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<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: All of the City's public deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280. Under the Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, times the depository's collateral pledging level. The pledging level may range from 50% to 125% depending upon the depository's financial condition and establishment period. All collateral must be deposited with an approved financial institution. Any losses to public depositors are covered by applicable deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral, and, if necessary, assessments against other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u>: The City's investment policy does not allow investment of funds in securities denominated in a foreign currency. The Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Funds, governed by the Fire and Police Pension Boards, has authorized a maximum of 10% of funds to be invested in foreign securities.

b. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds, non-major funds, internal service fund, and fiduciary funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 General	Electric	Non-major Governmental	Water and Sewer	Recreation (Non- major)	Fiduciary	Total
Receivables:							
Accounts	\$ 329,448	545,820	30,712	2,086,877	482	89,489	3,082,828
Assessments				7,383,329			7,383,329
Interest	103,037			417,672		10,388	531,097
Gross receivables	 432,485	545,820	30,712	9,887,878	482	99,877	10,997,254
Less: allowances for							
uncollectibles	 37,088			32,077			69,165
Net total receivables	\$ 395,397	545,820		9,855,801	482	99,877	10,928,089

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of September 30, 2007, deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds consists of receivables recognized for code compliance violations which totaled \$209,379 at September 30, 2007.

c. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2007, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General	Emergency Relief	\$	369,473	
General	Electric		1,563,668	
General	Water and Sewer		12,450,514	
Police Pension	Fire Pension		80,000	
Total		\$	14,463,655	

The outstanding balance between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and/or payments between funds are made. Interfund balances at September 30, 2007, per the government-wide statement of net assets consists of amounts payable to the general fund from the water and sewer fund for \$12,450,514, in addition to the business-type activities allocation of the internal service fund's net assets as of September 30, 2007, in the amount of \$155,234.

For the year ended September 30, 2007, the interfund transfers were as follows:

	Transfers In:						
Transfers Out	C	apital Projects	Debt Service	Total			
General	\$	13,736,951	880,620	14,617,571			
Total	\$	13,736,951	880,620	14,617,571			

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due; (2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts; and (3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

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NOTE C – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

d. Capital Assets

		Beginning Balance	Increases	(Decreases)	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	14,825,071	215,116	-	15,040,187
Construction in progress		21,281,784	15,646,411	(10,913,735)	26,014,460
Total capital assets not being depreciated		36,106,855	15,861,527	(10,913,735)	41,054,647
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		3,702,439	24,506	-	3,726,945
Vehicles and equipment		4,468,131	818,459	(87,336)	5,199,254
Road network		7,071,847	9,012,746	-	16,084,593
Storm water		8,900,960	1,443,687	-	10,344,647
Pathway		2,790,160	-	-	2,790,160
Parks		236,071	-	-	236,071
Bridge network		6,247,543	-	-	6,247,543
Beach and waterway		30,923	-	-	30,923
Total capital assets being depreciated		33,448,074	11,299,398	(87,336)	44,660,136
Total accumulated depreciation for:	·				
Buildings and improvements		(1,690,496)	(155,648)	-	(1,846,144)
Vehicles and equipment		(2,049,521)	(657,614)	87,336	(2,619,799)
Road network		(2,525,014)	(995,900)	-	(3,520,914)
Storm water		(3,113,796)	(372,860)	-	(3,486,656)
Pathway		(925,560)	(111,177)	-	(1,036,737)
Parks		(48,541)	(14,489)	-	(63,030)
Bridge network		(1,101,759)	(257,928)	-	(1,359,687)
Beach and waterway		-	(1,031)		(1,031)
Total accumulated depreciation		(11,454,687)	(2,566,647)	87,336	(13,933,998)
Total capital activities being depreciated, net		21,993,387	8,732,751	-	30,726,138
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	58,100,242	24,594,278	(10,913,735)	71,780,785

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Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	16,514,861	-	· _	16,514,861
Construction in progress	Ŷ	20,095,014	35,791,579	(6,842,921)	49,043,672
Total capital assets not being depreciated		36,609,875	35,791,579	(6,842,921)	65,558,533
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Transmission and distribution		35,660,767	5,394,525	-	41,055,292
Buildings and improvements		6,523,487	-	-	6,523,487
Vehicles and equipment		47,378,700	1,482,358		48,861,058
Total capital assets being depreciated		89,562,954	6,876,883	-	96,439,837
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Transmission and distribution		(5,019,578)	(1,817,036)	-	(6,836,614)
Buildings and improvements		(569,622)	(262,974)	•	(832,596)
Vehicles and equipment		(6,240,350)	(2,693,435)	-	(8,933,785)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u></u>	(11,829,550)	(4,773,445)	-	(16,602,995)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		77,733,404	2,103,438		79,836,842
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	114,343,279	37,895,017	(6,842,921)	145,395,375

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	101,216
Police services	,	147,451
Fire and rescue		226,716
Code compliance		2,286
Building services		22,240
Transportation		1,855,133
Culture and recreation		211,605
Total depreciation expense, Governmental activities		2,566,647
Business-type Activities:		
Water and Sewer		4,769,306
Recreation		4,139
Total depreciation expense, Business-type activities		4,773,445
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	7,340,092

e. Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for financing the acquisition of a fire truck. The City received \$250,000 towards the fire truck obligation with the trade-in of another fire truck. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

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The asset acquired through capital lease, as reported in the governmental activities, is as follows:

Asset:	
Vehicles and equipment	\$ 786,292
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (165,329)
Total	\$ 620,963

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments, as reported in the governmental activities, as of September 30, 2007, is as follows:

2008	\$ 85,700
2009	85,700
2010	85,700
2011	 85,700
Total minimum lease payments	 342,800
Less: Amount representing interest	(25,888)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 316,912

f. Long-Term Liabilities

Primary Government

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Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
Revenue bonds	\$	725,000	-	(60,000)	665,000	60,000
General obligation bonds		9,315,000	-	(555,000)	8,760,000	565,000
Sales tax revenue bonds		6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	345,000
Capital improvement bonds		4,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	3,000,000	1,000,000
Capital lease		389,397	-	(72,485)	316,912	75,087
Compensated absences		852,192	651,283	(622,380)	881,095	647,605
Total governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$	21,281,589	651,283	(2,309,865)	19,623,007	2,692,692
Business Activities Revenue bonds, 2004						
Principal	\$	99,205,000	-	(1,950,000)	97,255,000	1,990,000
Premium		1,102,410	-	(40,704)	1,061,706	40,704
Revenue bonds, 2007		-	5,500,000	-	5,500,000	-
Revenue note		-	19,996,278	-	19,996,278	+
State revolving loan		403,464	1,222,766	-	1,626,230	-
Deferred assessments		-	14,101,608	(4,775,418)	9,326,190	5,301,086
Deferred assessment interest		-	417,672	(175,011)	242,661	242,661
Compensated absences		226,816	202,632	(168,282)	261,166	191,957
Total business-type activity						
long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	100,937,690	41,440,956	(7,109,415)	135,269,231	7,766,408

During 2000, the City issued revenue bonds for governmental activities for the repair of the Factory Bay Bridge, secured by non-ad valorem revenue. The original amount of the revenue bonds was \$985,000. The bonds are issued as 15-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$55,000 to \$90,000. Interest rates on the bonds vary from 4.25 percent to 5.75 percent. As of September 30, 2007, \$665,000 of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest
2008	\$	60,000	32,795
2009		65,000	29,904
2010		65,000	26,865
2011		70,000	23,675
2012		75,000	20,194
2013-2016		330,000	39,088
Total	\$	665,000	172,521

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Additionally, the City issues bonds where the City pledges income derived from taxpayers or from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

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During 2004, the City issued general obligation bonds for governmental activities for the acquisition of land. The original amount of the general obligation bonds was \$9,860,000. The bonds are issued as 15-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$545,000 to \$815,000. Interest rates on the bonds vary from 2 percent to 3.8 percent. As of September 30, 2007, \$8,760,000 of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest
2008	\$	565,000	277,834
2009		580,000	266,534
2010		590,000	254,934
2011		610,000	237,234
2012		625,000	218,934
2013-2017		3,430,000	791,975
2018-2020		2,360,000	178,550
Total	\$	8,760,000	2,225,995

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During 2005, the City issued sales tax revenue bonds for governmental activities for various capital improvements to be owned by and located within the City, including transportation improvements and a new police station. The original amount of the sales tax revenue bonds was \$6,000,000. The bonds are secured by proceeds of half-cent sales tax and moneys on deposit. The bonds are issued as 15-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$345,000 to \$535,000. Interest rates vary from 3 percent to 3.9 percent. As of September 30, 2007, the entire balance of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the sales tax revenue bonds are as follows:

Principal		Interest
\$	345,000	213,310
	350,000	202,960
	365,000	191,585
	375,000	179,723
	390,000	166,598
	2,150,000	619,267
	2,025,000	197,828
\$	6,000,000	1,771,271
		\$ 345,000 350,000 365,000 375,000 390,000 2,150,000 2,025,000

During 2006, the City issued sales tax revenue bonds for governmental activities for various capital improvements to be owned by and located within the City, including the reconstruction of North Collier Boulevard. The original amount of the sales tax revenue bonds was \$4,000,000 is secured by non-ad valorem revenues. The bonds are issued as 4-year serial bonds with \$1,000,000 of principal maturing each year. The interest rates on the bonds are 4.39 percent. As of September 30, 2007, \$3,000,000 of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the sales tax revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	
2008	\$	1,000,000	131,700	
2009		1,000,000	87,800	
2010		1,000,000	43,900	
Total	\$	3,000,000	263,400	
Total	Ψ	5,000,000	200,700	

During 2004, the City issued revenue bonds for business-type activities for (1) the acquisition of certain water production, transmission, treatment, and disposal facilities and (2) the improvement of certain assets within these facilities. The original amount of the revenue bonds was \$101,115,000, in addition to a premium paid on the bonds in the amount of \$1,183,818. The bonds are secured by pledged revenues which consist of net revenues of the water and sewer fund and any water and sewer capital facility fees. The bonds are issued as 30-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$1,910,000 to \$6,280,000. Interest rates on the bonds vary from 2 percent to 5.25 percent. As of September 30, 2007, \$97,255,000 of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	
2008	\$ 1,990,000	4,583,678	
2009	2,030,000	4,539,418	
2010	2,075,000	4,486,529	
2011	2,135,000	4,424,369	
2012	2,200,000	4,353,343	
2013-2017	12,380,000	20,296,158	
2018-2022	15,860,000	16,686,750	
2023-2027	20,385,000	12,070,938	
2028-2032	25,940,000	6,379,881	
2033-2034	 12,260,000	620,500	
Total	\$ 97,255,000	78,441,564	

During 2006, the City received funding under the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Program to assist in funding the planning, design, and construction of wastewater pollution control facilities. The funding amount available is \$4,034,634. The City has drawn down loan funds totaling \$1,626,230, including accrued interest of \$65,326. Pledged revenues include water and sewer fund operating revenues, installation and connection fees, impact fees, and any local option sales tax revenues. Upon completion of the project a fixed interest rate will be determined and payments of principal and interest will be made over 20 years. Until the project is completed, interest will be calculated at 2.6% (annual rate) and will be added to the principal amount of the project loan.

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During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2007, no loan payments were made. Annual estimated installments for the fiscal years ending September 30 are based only on the amount drawn down on the loan, and the payment amounts are as stated in the loan agreement.

During 2007, the City issued revenue bonds for business-type activities to pay the costs of constructing certain additions, extensions, supplements and replacements to the City's water and wastewater utility system. The original amount of the revenue bonds was \$5,500,000, secured by net revenues of the water and sewer fund. The bonds are issued as 30-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$256,844 to \$446,412. The interest rate on the bonds is fixed at 3.74 percent. As of September 30, 2007, the entire principal balance was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest
2008	\$ -	171,417
2009	256,844	209,128
2010	267,014	198,818
2011	277,000	188,693
2012	287,360	178,189
2013-2017	1,605,429	719,972
2018-2022	1,929,623	391,276
2023-2024	 876,730	50,173
Total	\$ 5,500,000	2,107,666

During 2007, the City issued a revenue note for business-type activities to pay the costs of the subordinate wastewater improvement project. The original amount of the revenue note was not to exceed \$20,000,000, and is secured by net revenues of the water and sewer fund. The note requires principal payment in full on May 22, 2010. The interest rate on the note is fixed at 4.07 percent. As of September 30, 2007, the entire principal balance was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the revenue note are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Principal	Interest	
2008	\$	-	827,331	
2009		-	825,070	
2010		19,996,278	547,033	
Total	<u>\$</u>	19,996,278	2,199,434	

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Long-term liability activity for Hideaway for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance Additions (Reductions)			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,470,000	-	(450,000)	2,020,000	470,000

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During 2005, Hideaway issued general obligation bonds for the re-nourishment of Hideaway Beach. The original amount of the general obligation bonds was \$2,900,000 and is secured by ad valorem tax revenue. The bonds are issued as 7-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year from \$240,000 to \$520,000. The interest rate on the bonds is 2.89 percent. As of September 30, 2007, \$2,020,000 of the principal was outstanding. Annual debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	
2008	\$	470,000	51,587	
2009		490,000	37,715	
2010		520,000	23,120	
2011		540,000	7,803	
Total	\$	2,020,000	120,225	

g. Wastewater Pollution Control Facility Assessment

During 2006, the City of Marco Island began a project to plan, design, and construct major renovations to its wastewater plan. The renovation project was divided into 17 different assessment districts. Each property owner of each district will be assessed both a capacity charge to cover plan construction and new force mains and a construction charge based on each resident's number of required connections. These assessments are approximately \$5,000 for the capacity portion and from \$12,000 to \$15,000 for the construction portion.

During 2007, construction was completed for two districts, Tigertail and South Barfield. Additionally, three districts (incorporating five neighborhoods: North Barfield, Port Marco, North Marco, Old Marco, and West Winterberry) were in progress at September 30, 2007. As of September 30, 2007, construction had not begun on the remaining 12 districts.

Costs related to each project will be accumulated and paid as each project progresses. Property owners will not be assessed until the project is completed, that is, when the assessment becomes legal, unless the property owner chooses to lock in a rate based on 2006 construction costs.

Property owners have three distinct payment options:

- (1) Payment of cash;
- (2) Pay over 20 years on their property tax bill with interest at 5.57%. Payment is due in full upon sale of the property; or
- (3) Defer principal and interest at 5.9% for 20 years. Similarly, payment is due in full upon sale of the property.

The City has recognized revenue related to the full amounts assessed on completed projects. Revenue in relation to these assessments has been recognized as capital contributions on the proprietary funds' statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.

Cash collected in advance of project completion is recognized as deferred assessment revenue and deferred assessment interest revenue on the proprietary funds' statement of net assets.

Assessments receivable and assessments interest receivable have been recognized in proprietary funds' statement of net assets in relation to property owners paying on the payment terms outlined above. The current portion of the assessment receivable relates to the portion of payment option 2 above which will be received in the 2008 fiscal year.

In addition to the cash collected in advance of project completion, the City has recognized deferred assessment revenue and deferred assessment interest revenue for assessments remitted to the tax collector under payment option 2 above in relation to uncompleted projects.

In addition to the assessments noted above, each property owner will be charged the actual cost of connecting to the sewer line and closing their septic tank. This charge will appear on the property owners' utility bill and is expected to approximate \$2,000. This fee will be paid directly to the contractors who provide the service after collection is made. The fees collected by the City are reported net of payments to contractors on the proprietary funds' statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION

a. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Effective October 1, 2004, the City became self insured for the following types of risks:

- Workers' Compensation
- Public Officials' Liability
- General and Property Liability
- Automobile Liability
- Crime and Theft Liability

Prior to October 1, 2004, the City was insured against these losses with a commercial insurance agreement with the Florida League of Cities, Inc, under a retrospectively rated policy. Premiums were accrued based upon the ultimate cost-to-date of the City's experience for each type of risk.

The City entered into an agreement with an insurance administrator to reduce the potential for significant risk. The agreement has a deductible per claim of \$350,000 for workers' compensation, \$250,000 for crime and theft liability, and \$100,000 for the other risk types. Additionally, the agreement has a stop-loss policy which caps the aggregate annual loss for the City at \$500,000.

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Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of these factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the prior two fiscal years are as follows:

Estimated unpaid claims, October 1, 2005 Incurred claims (including IBNRs) Claim payments	\$	32,106 191,840 (95,275)
Estimated unpaid claims, September 30, 2006 Incurred claims (including IBNR's) Claim payments		128,671 698,617 (537,833)
Estimated unpaid claims, September 30, 2007	<u>\$</u>	289,455

NOTE D - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

b. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government. **c. Commitments**

The City has numerous active construction projects. As of September 30, 2007, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Expended	
		as of	Remaining
Projects		9/30/2007	Commitment
Wastewater treatment plant upgrade/expand			
(D. N. Higgins, Inc.)	\$	9,065,027	722,256
North Collier reconstruction			
(Quality Enterprises)		12,771,307	4,359,244
Finished water storage design			
(CH2M Hill)		740,889	2,761
ASR Well No. 7			
(Quality Enterprises)		420,260	103,125
North Marco sewer assessment district			
(D. N. Higgins, Inc.)		3,019,511	1,403,118
West Winterberry sewer assessment district			
(Quality Enterprises)		4,060,734	3,886,935
New police building			
(Owen-Ames-Kimball Company)		3,676,253	485,713
North Barfield sewer assessment district			
(D. N. Higgins, Inc.)		3,583,195	3,207,561
East Winterberry bridge replacement			
(Thomas Marine Construction)		-	4,778,473
Master lift stations - 2007 assessments			
(Master Excavators, Inc.)		949,468	63,333
Master lift stations - 2008 assessments			
(Master Excavators, Inc.)		200,160	1,231,623
Subaqueous raw water main			
(Akerman Construction Co, Inc.)		-	14,206,048
Water main: US 41 / SR 951			
(Akerman Construction Co, Inc.)		-	788,326
Bridge repairs			
(Miscellaneous)			523,257
Totals	<u>\$</u>	38,486,804	35,761,773

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

d. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

The City of Marco Island Firefighters' Pension Plan

The City maintains a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) that covers all fulltime firefighters hired after December 31, 1995. The Plan does not prepare separate financial statements and is included as part of the pension trust fund in City's financial reporting entity since it is not legally separate.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Plan provides retirement benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. A participant may retire after reaching the age of 55, with six or more years of service, or accumulating twenty-five years of service with the City, regardless of age.

As of October 1, 2007, (date of the latest annual actuarial valuation), employee membership data related to the Plan were:

Retires and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Terminate employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	0
Retires and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated	
employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	0
Active plan participants:	
Vested	4
Non-vested	13
Total active plan participants	17
Vested terminated members	0

Retired employees or their beneficiaries are entitled to pension payments for the longer of ten years or the retirees' remaining life equal to 3% of their final five-year average compensation times the number of years of credited service. The final five-year average compensation is the average annual compensation of the five highest years within the last ten years of service. Compensation includes overtime, but excludes lump-sum payments of unused leave. Maximum annual pension payments to retirees is 100% of their final five-year average compensation. An additional supplemental benefit is also payable in the monthly amount of \$3 multiplied by credited service.

NOTE D - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Early retirement is available at age 50, with six years of credited service, with the benefit reduced by 3% per year for each year early. Delayed retirement is permitted, with the benefit calculated the same as the normal retirement benefit, but based on credited service and AFC as of the actual retirement date.

Participants are not vested until they reach six years of service, at which time they become 100% vested. Terminated non-vested employees receive refunds of their accumulated member contribution only. Terminated vested employees receive their vested accrued benefit payable at early (after reduction) or normal retirement.

Pension provisions include disability benefits, whereby a disabled employee is entitled to receive the greater of the normal retirement benefits or a percentage of the five-year average annual compensation (42% if service incurred or 25% if non-service incurred). Pension provisions also include death benefits, whereby the surviving spouse is entitled to receive the vested pension benefit over ten years. Plan amendments are initiated by the Pension Board, and adopted by City Ordinance, after the required public hearings.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Basis of Accounting and Valuation of</u> <u>Investments</u>: The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the City's balance sheet date. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants in the Plan are required to pay 1% of their compensation to the Plan. The State of Florida contributes casualty insurance premium taxes pursuant to Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, and the City contributes the required remaining balance, as determined by the actuary.

The City makes periodic contributions totaling 100% of the actuarially determined amount (after state contributions) annually to the Plan. The City's policy currently is to have actuarial studies conducted every three years. Contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, were based on actuarial computations performed for 2004, in the actuarial report dated October 1, 2004.

For the year ended September 30, 2007, the annually required contribution amount was \$195,928 with the anticipated state contribution of \$73,936. Accordingly, the required employer contribution for 2007 was \$151,300.

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations</u>: For 2007, the City's annual pension cost of \$196,771 for the Plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the October 1, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 8% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected salary increases of 7.5% to 13%, based on service; and (c) 4% rate of inflation. Additionally, the assumptions included postretirement benefit increases of 3% per year. Market value was used to determine the actuarial value of assets. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over thirty years. The remaining amortization period at October 1, 2004, was thirty years (closed basis).

Three-Year Trend Information:

Fiscal Year Ended	L	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
September 30,		Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
2005	\$	125,715	99.3%	(219,151)
2006		127,356	99.3%	(218,305)
2007		196,771	114.5%	(246,770)

Changes in the Fire Pension Plan for 2007:

	Septer	nber 30, 2007
Annual required contribution	\$	195,928
Interest on net pension obligation		(17,464)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(18,307)
Annual pension cost		196,771
Contributions made		225,236
Increase in net pension obligation		(28,465)
Net pension obligation at beginning of the year		(218,305)
Net pension obligation at end of year		(246,770)

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The City of Marco Island Police Officers' Pension Plan

The City maintains a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) that covers all fulltime sworn police officers. The Plan does not prepare separate financial statements and is included as part of the pension trust fund in City's financial reporting entity since it is not legally separate.

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Plan provides retirement benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. A participant may retire after reaching the age of 55, with six or more years of service, or accumulating twenty-five years of service with the City, regardless of age.

As of October 1, 2007, (date of the annual actuarial valuation), employee membership data related to the Plan were:

Retires and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits					
Terminate employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	0				
Retires and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated					
employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	0				
Active plan participants:					
Vested	0				
Non-vested	31				
Total active plan participants	31				
Vested terminated members	2				

Retired employees or their beneficiaries are entitled to pension payments for the longer of ten years or the retirees' remaining life equal to 3% of their final five-year average compensation times the number of years of credited service. The final five-year average compensation is the average annual compensation of the five highest years within the last ten years of service. Compensation includes overtime, but excludes lump-sum payments of unused leave. An additional supplemental benefit is also payable in the monthly amount of \$3 multiplied by credited service.

Early retirement is available at age 50, with six years of credited service, with the benefit reduced by 3% per year for each year early.

NOTE D -- OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Participants are not vested until they reach six years of service, at which time they become 100% vested. Terminated non-vested employees receive refunds of their accumulated member contribution only. Terminated vested employees receive their vested accrued benefit payable at normal retirement.

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Pension provisions include disability benefits, whereby a disabled employee is entitled to receive the greater of the normal retirement benefits or a percentage of the five-year average annual compensation (42% if service incurred or 25% if non-service incurred, provided the employee has at least 8 years of credited service). Pension provisions also include death benefits, whereby the surviving spouse is entitled to receive the vested pension benefit over ten years. Plan amendments are initiated by the Pension Board, and adopted by City Ordinance, after the required public hearings.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Basis of Accounting and Valuation of</u> <u>Investments</u>: The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the City's balance sheet date. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants in the Plan are required to pay 5% of their compensation to the Plan. The State of Florida contributes casualty insurance premium taxes pursuant to Chapter 185, Florida Statutes, and the City contributes the required remaining balance, as determined by the actuary.

The City makes periodic contributions totaling 100% of the actuarially determined amount (after state contributions) annually to the Plan. The City's policy currently is to have actuarial studies conducted every two years. Contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, were based on actuarial computations performed in the December 6, 2005, Actuarial Impact Statement, determined as of October 1, 2005.

For the year ended September 30, 2007, the annually required contribution amount was \$322,163 with the anticipated state contribution of \$92,193. Accordingly, the required employer contribution for 2007 was \$229,970.

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations</u>: For 2007, the City's annual pension cost of \$229,970 for the Plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the October 1, 2005, actuarial impact statement using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 8% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected salary increases of 6% per year; and (c) 3% rate of inflation. Additionally, the assumptions included postretirement benefit increases of 3% per year. Market value was used to determine the actuarial value of assets. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over forty years. The remaining amortization period at October 1, 2007, was thirty-eight years (closed basis).

Fiscal Year Ended	Ar	nual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
September 30,		Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
2006	\$	257,999	100.0%	
2007		229,970	100.0%	-

The combining statement of fiduciary net assets for the pension trust funds as of September 30, 2007 is as follows:

				Total
		Fire	Police	Fiduciary
		Pension	Pension	Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	395,663	126,095	521,758
Accounts receivable			9,489	9,489
Due from other funds			80,000	80,000
Investments, at fair value:				
Common stock		1,785,743	385,180	2,170,923
Government bonds		1,166,906	190,703	1,357,609
Accrued interest		9,170	1,218	10,388
Total Assets		3,357,482	792,685	4,150,167
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		719		719
Due to other funds		80,000		80,000
Total Liabilities		80,719		80,719
Net Assets				
Held in trust for pension benefits				
and other purposes	<u>\$</u>	3,276,763	792,685	4,069,448

NOTE D -- OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The combining statement of changes in fiduciary net assets for the pension trust funds the year ended September 30, 2007 is as follows:

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				Total
		Fire	Police	Fiduciary
		Pension	Pension	Funds
Additions				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	151,300	229,970	381,270
Employee		8,956	93,958	102,914
State of Florida insurance funds, from the City				
General Fund		583,179	92,193	675,372
Other		153		153
Total contributions		743,588	416,121	1,159,709
Investment income (expense):				
Investment earnings		300,099	21,989	322,088
Investment expenses		(24,557)	(2,864)	(27,421)
Net investment income		275,542	19,125	294,667
Total Additions		1,019,130	435,246	1,454,376
Deductions				
Legal		11,563	17,625	29,188
Actuary		6,115	4,790	10,905
Administrative		4,678	2,097	6,775
Refunds to contributors		719		719
Total Deductions		23,075	24,512	47,587_
Change in Net Assets		996,055	410,734	1,406,789
Net Assets - October 1, 2006		2,280,708	381,951	2,662,659
Net Assets - September 30, 2007	<u>\$</u>	3,276,763	792,685	4,069,448

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The Florida Retirement System Plan, Firefighters

The Marco Island Independent Fire Protection District provided fire and rescue services to the community prior to incorporation in 1997. Employees hired by the district prior to December 31, 1995 participated in the pension plan provided by the Florida Retirement System (the System). These "old hire" employees were allowed to continue membership in the System both after the incorporation of the City and the establishment of the City of Marco Island Firefighters' Pension Plan (as noted above).

<u>Plan Description</u>: The System was created by the Florida Legislature as a cost-sharing, multipleemployer defined benefit public retirement plan available to governmental units within the state of Florida. The System provides retirement benefits, death benefits, disability benefits, and cost-ofliving adjustments to system members and their beneficiaries, as established by Florida Statute. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Retirement System, Division of Retirement, P. O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000.

Under the System, special risk employees who retire at or after age 55, with six years of creditable service, and all other employees who retire at or after age 62, with six years of creditable service, are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to the product of: (1) average monthly compensation in the highest five years of creditable service, (2) creditable service during the appropriate period, and (3) the appropriate benefit percentage. Benefits are fully vested on reaching six years of service. Vested employees may retire after six years of creditable service and receive reduced retirement benefits.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements of the system members and the City, are established and may be amended by the State. Plan members are not required to make contributions to the System. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 20.92 percent of covered payroll as of September 30, 2007. The City's contribution to the System for the years ended September 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005, were \$342,522, \$217,718, and \$153,826, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

e. Other Post-employment Benefits

All City employees, with the exception of firefighters with required membership in either the Plan or the System (as noted in "D" above), based on date of hire, are provided with a benefits allowance as a percentage of gross pay. From the benefit allowance, employees are eligible for membership in the City's group health, life, and disability plans and may defer compensation into two separate Section 457 plans maintained by the City.

NOTE D – OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

f. Subsequent Events

During 2006, the City began a long-term project to plan, design, and construct wastewater pollution control facilities. The total cost of this project is expected to incur costs of approximately \$86 million for neighborhood construction and \$37 million for capacity charges, including expansion of the plant. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, in relation to this project, City Council approved a motion to request from the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Program, \$20 million to pay down principal on the revenue note, reimburse the City for past construction, and fund incomplete projects. As of the audit report date, \$9 million has been applied for. City Council also motioned to seek competitively bid bank notes totaling \$10 million to pay down principal on the revenue note and fund incomplete projects. As of the audit report date, the City has issued \$7 million in water and sewer revenue bonds. Additionally during 2008, the City intends to perform permanent financing related to the districts expected to be completed during 2008, and pay off any remaining balance on the revenue note.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS CITY OF MARCO ISLAND POLICE OFFICER'S PENSION PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	(b-a) Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL)	(A/B) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	(b-a)/(c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
10/1/2005	\$	1,722,719	1,722,719	0.0%	1,459,781	118.0%
10/1/2006	375,400	2,799,941	2,424,541	13.4%	1,702,158	142.4%
10/1/2007	792,685	3,686,865	2,894,180	21.5%	1,844,318	156.90%

Note: Latest valuation was October 1, 2007

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AND STATE CONTRIBUTIONS CITY OF MARCO ISLAND POLICE OFFICER'S PENSION PLAN

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Fiscal Year	Annual Required		City	State	Percentage	
Ended	Contribution		Contribution	Contribution	Contributed	
9/30/2006	\$	312,780	257,999	54,781	100.0%	
9/30/2007		322,163	229,970	92,193	100.0%	

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS CITY OF MARCO ISLAND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	(Ov	(b-a) nfunded verfunded) L (UAAL)	(A/B) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	(b-a)/(c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
10/1/1997	\$ 53,383	41,289	(12,094)	129.3%	164,716	(7.3)%
10/1/2000	364,049	105,398	(258,651)	345.4%	90,046	(287.2)%
10/1/2002	331,733	248,387	(83,346)	133.6%	365,065	(22.8)%
10/1/2004	684,654	523,963	(160,691)	130.7%	528,346	(30.4)%
10/1/2006	1,142,686	998,736	Ì	143,950)	114.4%	812,703	(17.7)%
10/1/2007	1,629,498	1,448,921	Ì	180,577)	112.5%	977,418	(18.5)%

Note: Latest valuation was October 1, 2007

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER AND STATE CONTRIBUTIONS CITY OF MARCO ISLAND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution		City Contribution	State Contribution	Percentage Contributed	
9/30/2002	\$	15,306	91,217	73,936	483.1%	
9/30/2003		91,217	17,281	73,936	100.0%	
9/30/2004		91,217	17,281	73,936	100.0%	
9/30/2005		124,866	50,930	73,936	100.0%	
9/30/2006		126,510	52,574	73,936	100.0%	
9/30/2007		195,928	151,300	73,936	115.0%	

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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	Budgeted A			mounts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original	mou	Final		mounts		nal Budget
Revenues				·				<u>×</u> _
Taxes	\$	16,007,800		16,007,800		16,051,430		43,630
Licenses and permits		33,000		33,000		36,579		3,579
Intergovernmental		2,411,900		2,441,131		2,082,584	(358,547)
Charges for services		287,000		287,000		435,456		148,456
Fines and forfeitures		83,000		83,000		82,001	(999)
Interest income		655,000		655,000		782,987		127,987
Miscellaneous						81,530		81,530
Total Revenues		19,477,700		19,506,931		19,552,567		45,636
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government:								
Legislative		62,463		62,630		50,858		11,772
Executive		567,461		568,977		547,276		21,701
Finance		1,244,378		1,261,955		1,181,599		80,356
Legal		156,351		285,034		305,731	(20,697)
Debt service								
Community development		531,221		532,641		473,747		58,894
Other - unclassified		755,823		368,775		702,413	(333,638)
Total general government		3,317,697		3,080,012		3,261,624	(181,612)
Public safety:								
Police services		3,400,532		3,756,962		3,468,913		288,049
Fire and rescue		3,465,902		3,902,604		3,553,821		348,783
Code compliance		172,978		173,441		177,469	<u>(</u>	4,028)
Total public safety		7,039,412		7,833,007		7,200,203		632,804
Highways and streets		1,189,351		1,259,037		1,153,895		105,142
Culture and recreation:								
Parks maintenance		440,478		441,655		•	(42,790)
Recreation programs		639,112		640,820		551,975		88,845
Racquet center		170,343		170,798		163,030		7,768
Beautification		569,496		656,527		513,548	-	142,979
Total culture and recreation		1,819,429		1,909,800	. <u> </u>	1,712,998		196,802
Total Expenditures		13,365,889		14,081,856		13,328,720		753,136
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		6,111,811		5,425,075		6,223,847		798,772
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in			,	- 1/2 050	,		,	
Transfers out	(4,162,056)	(4,162,056)	(14,617,571)	(10,455,515)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	20,000	- <u></u>	20,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,162,056)	(4,162,056)	(14,597,571)	(10,435,515)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,949,755		1,263,019	(8,373,724)	(9,636,743)
Fund Balances - Beginning Balance		29,158,096		29,158,096		29,158,096		
Fund Balances - Ending Balance	\$	31,107,851		30,421,115		20,784,372	(9,636,743)

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTRIC FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,700,000	1,700,000	1,913,134	213,134	
Total Revenues	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,913,134	213,134	
Expenditures					
Electric	6,375,000	7,609,397	1,027,835	(6,581,562)	
Total Expenditures	6,375,000	7,609,397	1,027,835	(6,581,562)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(4,675,000)	(5,909,397)	885,299	6,794,696	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of bonds	7,000,000	8,234,397		(8,234,397)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,000,000	8,234,397		(8,234,397)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,325,000	2,325,000	885,299	(1,439,701)	
Fund Balances - Beginning Balance	(1,930,552)	(1,930,552)	(1,930,552)		
Fund Balances - Ending Balance	\$ 394,448	394,448	(1,045,253)	(1,439,701)	

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Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

SUPPORTING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Emergency Relief Fund: This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made by FEMA and outside agencies for emergency measures and debris clean up on public rights-ofway on Marco Island as a result of named storm events and for the City to provide public safety personnel to assist other communities in their recovery efforts.

Building Services Fund: This fund accounts for revenue received from building permits and application fees to be used for the operation of the building department.

Debt Service Fund

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The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET September 30, 2007

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	E	mergency Relief	Building Services	Debt Service	Nonmajor Fund Totals
Assets					
Pooled cash and investments	\$		2,409,786	767,380	3,177,166
Accounts receivable - Net		30,633	79		30,712
Total Assets		30,633	2,409,865	767,380	3,207,878
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable			7,378		7,378
Accrued liabilities			24,529		24,529
Due to other funds		369,473			369,473
Total Liabilities		369,473	31,907		401,380
Fund Balances					
Reserved for debt service				767,380	767,380
Unreserved, undesignated	(338,840)	2,377,958		2,039,118
Total Fund Balances	(338,840)	2,377,958	767,380	2,806,498
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	30,633	2,409,865	767,380	3,207,878

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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	E	mergency Relief	Building Services	Debt Service	Nonmajor Fund Totals
Revenues					
Taxes	\$			855,279	855,279
Licenses and permits			972,129		972,129
Intergovernmental		293,471		1,000,000	1,293,471
Interest			136,198		136,198
Total Revenues		293,471	1,108,327	1,855,279	3,257,077
Expenditures Current:					
General government		341,302			341,302
Building services			1,326,773		1,326,773
Debt service:			······································		
Principal				1,687,485	1,687,485
Interest and fiscal charges				728,053	728,053
Total Expenditures		341,302	1,326,773	2,415,538	4,083,613
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(47,831)	(218,446)	(560,259)	(826,536)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) - Transfers in				880,620	880,620
Net Change in Fund Balances	(47,831)	(218,446)	320,361	54,084
Fund Balances - October 1, 2006	_(291,009)	2,596,404	447,019	2,752,414
Fund Balances - September 30, 2007	\$(338,840)	2,377,958	767,380	2,806,498

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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		Budgeted	amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	180,000	1,454,113	895,416	(558,697)
Miscellaneous		350,000	350,000	273,835	(76,165)
Total Revenues		530,000	1,804,113	1,169,251	(634,862)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		3,396,200	26,060,393	14,906,202		11,154,191
Total Expenditures	_	3,396,200	26,060,393	14,906,202		11,154,191
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,866,200)	(24,256,280)	(13,736,951)	••••••	10,519,329
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0.000.000	24.256.200	10 70 6 0 5 1	,	10 (10 (20))
Transfers in		2,866,200	24,256,280	13,736,951	(10,519,329)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,866,200	24,256,280	13,736,951	(10,519,329)
Net Change in Fund Balance						
Fund Balance - October 1, 2006						
Fund Balance - September 30, 2007	\$					

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUILDING SERVICES FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Va	ariance with
		Original	Final	Amounts	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$	1,465,830	1,465,830	972,129	(493,701)
Interest	Ψ	1,405,050	1,405,050	136,198	۲,	136,198
Total Revenues		1,465,830	1,465,830	1,108,327	(357,503)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Building services:						
Personal services		737,008	737,008	679,038		57,970
Operating expenses		654,068	650,937	569,850		81,087
Capital outlay		74,754	77,885	77,885		
Total Expenditures		1,465,830	1,465,830	1,326,773		139,057
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures			init we	(218,446)	(218,446)
Fund Balance - October 1, 2006		2,596,404	2,596,404	2,596,404		
Fund Balance - September 30, 2007	\$	2,596,404	2,596,404	2,377,958	_ (218,446)

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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		Budgeted.	Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	_Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	843,934		843,934		855,279		11,345	
Intergovernmental		1,000,000	1	,000,000		1,000,000			
Total Revenues		1,843,934]	,843,934		1,855,279		11,345	
Expenditures									
Debt service:									
Principal		2,003,735	2	2,003,735		1,687,485		316,250	
Interest and fiscal charges		720,810		720,810		728,053	(7,243)	
Total Expenditures	- <u>-</u>	2,724,545	2	2,724,545	_	2,415,538		309,007	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	(880,611)	(880,611)	(560,259)	(320,352)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) -									
Transfers in		880,611	·	880,611		880,620		9	
Net Change in Fund Balance						320,361		320,361	
Fund Balance - October 1, 2006		447,019		447,019		447,019			
Fund Balance - September 30, 2007	\$	447,019		447,019		767,380		320,361	

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Fiduciary Funds

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The pension trust funds account for the activities of the Firefighters' and Police Officers' Pension Plans, which accumulate resources for defined benefit payments to qualified employees.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

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		Fire Pension	Police Pension	Total Fiduciary Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	395,663	126,095	521,758
Accounts receivable			9,489	9,489
Due from other funds			80,000	80,000
Investments, at fair value:				
Common stock		1,785,743	385,180	2,170,923
Government bonds		1,166,906	190,703	1,357,609
Accrued interest		9,170	1,218	10,388
Total Assets		3,357,482	792,685	4,150,167
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		719		719
Due to other funds		80,000		80,000
Total Liabilities		80,719		80,719
Net Assets Held in trust for pension benefits				
and other purposes	<u></u>	3,276,763	792,685	4,069,448

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

			Total
	Fire	Police	Fiduciary
	Pension	Pension	Funds
Additions	 		
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 151,300	229,970	381,270
Employee	8,956	93,958	102,914
State of Florida insurance funds, from the City	-		
General Fund	583,179	92,193	675,372
Other	153		153
Total contributions	 743,588	416,121	1,159,709
Investment income (expense):			
Investment earnings	300,099	21,989	322,088
Investment expenses	(24,557)	(2,864)	(27,421)
Net investment income	 275,542	19,125	294,667
Total Additions	1,019,130	435,246	1,454,376
Deductions			
Legal	11,563	17,625	29,188
Actuary	6,115	4,790	10,905
Administrative	4,678	2,097	6,775
Refunds to contributors	 719	•	719
Total Deductions	 23,075	24,512	47,587
Change in Net Assets	996,055	410,734	1,406,789
Net Assets - October 1, 2006	 2,280,708	381,951	2,662,659
Net Assets - September 30, 2007	\$ 3,276,763	792,685	4,069,448

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY September 30, 2007

53,118 30,586 110,155 45,799 84,609 2,216,706 6,372,256 3,386,719 302,893 10,390,739 7,213,005 45,314,794 85,714,783 1.904.306 4,437,123 10,957,256 143,714 183,793 118,541 6,389,725 683,272 4,826,328 11,510,845 27,527,257 20,853,771 Total 32,500 271,970 46,094 26,014,460 ł ł ł ł ł ł 4,206,551 5,258,055 5,258,055 1,625,460 1,929,930 13,608,367 965,463 14,619,924 Construction in Process 5,199,254 339,110 606,510 400,242 53,118 30,586 110,155 73,541 ł 45,799 2,034,647 70,752 444,980 296,448 1,141,670 183,793 ł ł ł 183,793 1,116,083 3,267,281 Vehicles and Equipment 1 35,733,937 ł 1 ł 1 ł ł. 30,923 72,255 ł 2,165,705 ł 13,918,890 10,344,645 2,953,977 3,057,155 6,247,542 30,511,077 Infrastructure 3,726,945 15,587 ,856,693 21,726 ł ł ł ł ł 1 675,166 675,166 ł 1,827,249 17,155 1,156,205 ł 1,195,086 Improvements 13,857 Buildings and 575,227 ł 45,000 575,227 ł ł ţ 15,040,187 ł 890,030 ł 121,988 13,529,930 ł 935,030 3,373,675 9,813,130 221,137 Land ↔ 69 **Fotal Culture and Recreation Fotal Primary Government Total Governmental Funds Total General Government** Other general government Community development **Governmental Activities** Beaches and waterways **Culture and Recreation Total Public Safety** Park maintenance Code compliance Building services Bridge network **Capital Assets** Fire and rescue **Police services** Beautification Transportation Road network **Public works** Storm water City council **Public Safety** Recreation Pathways Executive Finance Electric Parks Electric

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	Capital Assets 10/1/06		Acquisitions	Transfers and Deductions	Capital Assets 9/30/07
Governmental Activities					
City Council	\$	53,118			53,118
Executive		30,586			30,586
Finance		110,155			110,155
Community development		118,541			118,541
Other general government		1,904,306			1,904,306
Total General Government		2,216,706			2,216,706
Electric					
Electric		5,344,421	1,027,835		6,372,256
Public Safety					
Code compliance		42,882	2,917		45,799
Police services		3,188,993	3,200,732		6,389,725
Fire and rescue		4,364,880	72,243		4,437,123
Building services		83,109	1,500		84,609
Total Public Safety		7,679,864	3,277,392		10,957,256
Culture and Recreation					
Park maintenance		581,368	101,904	·	683,272
Recreation		4,426,521	399,807		4,826,328
Beautification		231,050		(87,336)	143,714
Pathways		3,119,242	267,477		3,386,719
Beaches and waterways		222,676	80,217		302,893
Parks		10,779,451	731,394		11,510,845
Total Culture and Recreation		19,360,308	1,580,799	(87,336)	20,853,771
Transportation					
Public works		183,793			183,793
Road network		18,887,745	8,639,512		27,527,257
Storm water		8,900,960	1,489,779		10,390,739
Bridge network		6,981,131	231,874		7,213,005
Total Primary Government		34,953,629	10,361,165		45,314,794
Total Capital Assets	\$	69,554,928	16,247,191	(87,336)	85,714,783

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Marco Island, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. The following types of information are presented:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt, and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. The City has no overlapping debt or legal debt margin.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. Demographic and economic information for total personal income, per capita income, unemployment rates, and total employment are not available specific to the City. County-wide data is available at www.colliergov.net.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾ (accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Governmental Activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 53,038,873	37,670,845	25,914,490	14,140,148
Restricted	14,549,105	23,500,743	18,455,208	3,969,046
Unrestricted	7,536,012	6,102,668	12,478,696	15,721,810
Total governmental activities net assets	75,123,990	67,274,256	56,848,394	33,831,004
Business-type Activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	19,956,161	13,601,948	8,520,919	4,187,756
Restricted	5,878,767	7,510,845	13,044,910	12,198,489
Unrestricted	(3,752,960)	(10,572,102)	(13,285,715)	(12,720,573)
Total Business-type activities net assets	22,081,968	10,540,691	8,280,114	3,665,672
Primary Government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	72,995,034	51,272,793	34,435,409	18,327,904
Restricted	20,427,872	31,011,588	31,500,118	16,167,535
Unrestricted	3,783,052	(4,469,434)	(807,019)	3,001,237
Total primary government net assets	\$ 97,205,958	77,814,947	65,128,508	37,496,676

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⁽¹⁾ The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Ultimatately, this schedule will contain information for the last ten years.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Expenses				
Governmental Activities				
General government	\$ 3,769,788	4,799,331	3,187,492	2,883,757
Police services	3,570,381	3,024,973	2,690,359	2,606,276
Fire and rescue	3,633,748	3,156,845	2,547,211	2,768,306
Code compliance	179,376	148,161	116,787	199,036
Building services	1,350,070	1,128,468	680,662	1,020,790
Transportation	3,008,553	2,726,090	373,196	1,310,664
Culture and recreation	1,922,094	1,574,669	911,520	3,334,436
Interest on long-term debt	713,034	628,218	499,811	139,825
Total governmental activities expenses	 18,147,044	17,186,755	11,007,038	14,263,090
Business-type Activities				
Water and sewer	19,576,391	17,736,604	16,796,415	15,454,681
Recreation	148,389	118,309	107,047	90,020
Total business-type activities expenses	 19,724,780	17,854,913	16,903,462	15,544,701
Total primary government expenses	 37,871,824	35,041,668	27,910,500	29,807,791
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for services - building services	972,129	1,162,729	1,191,347	2,095,309
Charges for services - other activities	527,208	454,273	493,709	333,296
Operating grants and contributions	321,497	2,259,878	1,115,222	1,721,352
Capital grants and contributions	2,423,999	2,481,096	4,831,353	2,485,005
Total governmental activities program revenues	 4,244,833	6,357,976	7,631,631	6,634,962
Business-type Activities				
Charges for services - water and sewer	20,635,378	19,050,271	17,584,305	16,509,717
Charges for services - other activities	116,095	105,011	1,635,934	98,547
Operating grants and contributions	55,127	45,003	42,389	37,810
Capital grants and contributions	6,925,418	1,450,000	504,360	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	 27,732,018	20,650,285	19,766,988	16,646,074
Net (Expenses) Revenues				
Governmental activities	(13,902,211)	(10,828,779)	(3,375,407)	(7,628,128)
Business-type activities	8,007,238	2,795,372	2,863,526	1,101,373
Total primary government net expense	 (5,894,973)	(8,033,407)	(511,881)	(6,526,755)
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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1) (accrual basis of accounting)

(continued)

		2007	2006	2005	2004
General Revenues and Other Changes i	n Net Assets				
Governmental Activities					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	15,315,942	11,852,368	10,554,795	9,933,131
Communication service tax		914,729	997,457	967,296	1,056,959
Other taxes		676,038	870,728	315,630	
Franchise fees		1,913,134	1,882,013		
State shared revenues		1,952,268	2,393,388	2,270,293	1,750,719
Interest		919,185	1,279,907	621,291	347,976
Gain on sale of capital assets		20,000		250,000	
Miscellaneous		40,649	446,924	2,048,983	984,134
Transfers				108,759	
Total governmental activities		21,751,945	19,722,785	17,137,047	14,072,919
Business-type Activities					
Interest		797,892	518,451	306,738	256,333
Miscellaneous		2,736,147	478,610	1,552,937	73,989
Transfers				(108,759)	
Total Business-type activities		3,534,039	997,061	1,750,916	330,322
Total primary government		25,285,984	20,719,846	18,887,963	14,403,241
Change in Net Assets					
Governmental Activities		7,849,734	8,894,006	13,761,640	6,444,791
Business-type Activities		11,541,277	3,792,433	4,614,442	1,431,695
Total Primary Government	\$	19,391,011	12,686,439	18,376,082	7,876,486

⁽¹⁾ The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Ultimately, this schedule will contain information for the last ten years.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾

(modified accrual basis of accounting)										
		2007	2006	2005	2004					
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	1,139,950	908,293	4,355,795	3,979,961					
Unreserved		19,644,422	28,249,803	23,749,853	13,428,001					
Total General Fund	\$	20,784,372	29,158,096	28,105,648	17,407,962					
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$	767,380	447,019	508,100						
Unreserved		993,865	374,843	2,431,981	2,201,959					
Total all other governmental funds	\$	1,761,245	821,862	2,940,081	2,201,959					

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⁽¹⁾ The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Ultimately, this schedule will contain information for the last ten years.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾ (modified accrual basis of accounting)

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		2007		2006		2005		2004
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	18,819,843		16,341,065		12,585,979		11,870,991
Licenses and permits		1,008,708		1,199,975		1,229,030		2,130,035
Intergovernmental		4,271,471		6,451,616		8,842,937		5,278,142
Charges for services		435,456		302,343		355,670		522,944
Fines and forfeitures		82,001		37,047		252,832		91,794
Interest income		919,185		1,279,907		621,291		347,976
Miscellaneous		355,365		344,177		528,190		1,102,955
Total Revenues		25,892,029		25,956,130		24,415,929		21,344,837
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		3,602,926		3,905,826		2,868,842		2,246,456
Police services		3,468,913		3,282,913		2,593,972		2,594,499
Fire and rescue		3,553,821		3,140,112		3,371,921		2,663,257
Code compliance		177,469		177,085		112,562		195,834
Building services		1,027,835		1,105,985		1,011,005		1,012,830
Transportation		1,326,773		951,800		1,106,152		1,179,243
Culture and recreation		1,153,895		1,413,631		1,244,657		1,545,047
Debt service:		1,712,998						
Principal		1,687,485		669,973		131,922		491,264
Interest		728,053		568,046		349,192		139,825
Bond issue costs				33,810		71,228		84,209
Capital outlay		14,906,202		15,680,011		6,690,666		13,780,786
Total Expenditures		33,346,370		30,929,192	_	19,552,119		25,933,250
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,454,341)	(4,973,062)		4,863,810	(4,588,413
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		14,617,571		5,648,748		6,572,583		1,932,385
Transfers out		(14,617,571)	(5,648,748)	(6,786,877)	(1,932,385
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		20,000						
Capital leases						786,292		
Bonds issued				4,000,000		6,000,000		9,860,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	20,000		4,000,000		6,571,998		9,860,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	(7,434,341)	(973,062)		11,435,808	_	5,271,587
Debt service as a percentage of								
non-capital expenditures		14.13%		8.56%		5.35%		6.169

⁽¹⁾ The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2004. Ultimately, this schedule will contain information for the last ten years.

Capital outlay (per above)	\$ 14,906,202	15,680,011	6,690,666	13,780,786
Capital outlay included in current expenditures	 1,340,988	396,895	2,546,777	539,886
Total capital outlay	\$ 16,247,190	16,076,906	9,237,443	14,320,672

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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Fiscal Year	Assessed January 1st	. –	Taxable Values	Percent Increase (Decrease) Over Prior Year	Taxable Value of New Construction
1998	1997 ⁽¹⁾	\$	2,841,082,435	n/a	70,936,479
1999	1998		3,060,987,023	7.7%	118,283,165
2000	1999		3,466,113,897	13.2%	61,749,131
2001	2000		3,874,706,433	11.8%	151,720,050
2002	2001		4,691,374,309	21.1%	84,105,188
2003	2002		5,609,081,378	19.5%	195,235,590
2004	2003		6,352,910,401	13.2%	114,746,362
2005	2004		7,117,033,513	11.9%	139,193,267
2006	2005		9,487,437,304	33.3%	451,529,721 ⁽²⁾
2007	2006		12,026,168,600	26.8%	311,400,976
2008 ⁽³⁾	2007		11,570,581,313	(3.8)%	267,022,229

Source: Collier County Property Appraiser

⁽¹⁾ Taxable values of the incorporated city limits for January 1, 1997, were estimated by the Collier County Property Appraiser.

⁽²⁾ Includes annexation of Key Marco, approximately 4% of the annual growth.

⁽³⁾ Information only. 2007 assessed values are used for fiscal year 2008 tax revenues.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA	PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS	(PER \$1,000 ASSESSED VALUES)	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
CITY OF MARC	PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT	(PER \$1,000 A5	LAST TEN

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1		TOTAL TEVV	 	14.7622	15.0203	13.7492	13.5525	13.5987	- 13.1829	00 12.9375	00 12.5906	0 12.1319	0 11.4486	12 10.7283	
	Collian	County	Outo	'	•	•	t	•	•	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.3742	
		Dig Cypress Basin	Dabu	0.2780	0.2780	0.2780	0.2780	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	0.2265	
		Pollution	CUIITUI	0.0452	0.0413	0.0355	0.0445	0.0420	0.0347	0.0347	0.0347	0.0347	0.0320	0.0280	- - - -
		Water	Ivlanagement	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2549	TD 0.5721 mils; Marco Beautification MSTD 0.167 mils.
ping		Mosquito	Control	0.1821	0.1953	0.1923	0.1748	0.1465	0.1167	0.1051	0.0962	0.0830	0.0680	0.0635	ISTD 0.167 mi
Overlapping	;	Colliter School	Board	8.4240	8.5100	7.7600	7.7220	7.2310	6.9110	6.5240	6.2200	5.9730	5.5250	5.3510	autification N
		Collier County	Operating	3.6813	3.5510	3.5058	3.5028	3.8772	3.8772	3.8772	3.8772	3.8772	3.7290	3.1469	iils; Marco Be
	Collier	County Parks and Rec	MSTU	0.0535	0.0495	0.0436	0.0377	0.0318	0.0268	ł	;	ł	ł	Ì	⁽¹⁾ Includes Roads and Streets MSTU#1 0.195 mils; Unincorporated MSTD 0.5721 mils; Marco Beautification MSTD 0.167 mils.
	Collier	County Unincorp.	MSTD's'	0.9341	I	ł	ł	ľ	I	I	ł	1	1	I	Unincorporate
		Marco Fire	District	0.8800	ł	I	1	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	I	ł	1 0.195 mils;
	ct	City Debt	Service	ł	I	ł	I	I	I	ł	0.0460	0.0950	0.0736	0.0785	eets MSTU#
	Direct	City	Operating	I	2.1112	1.6500	1.5087	1.7437	1.6900	1.6200	1.5400	1.2925	1.2445	1.2048	⁽¹⁾ Includes Roads and Streets MSTU#1 0.195 mils; Unincorporated MS
		Fiscal Year	Ended	1998 ⁽²⁾	1999 ⁽³⁾	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 ⁽⁴⁾	(1) Include

(3) The City operating tax levy of 2.112 mils for Fiscal Year 1999 was set at a level to allow the City to be eligible for Florida Municipal Revenue Sharing.

(4) Information only.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS ⁽¹⁾ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes Assessed January 1st	 Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections
1998	1997 ⁽²⁾	\$ 2,547,087	2,419,717	95.0%	1,619
1999	1998	6,462,356	6,243,114	96.6%	5,461
2000	1999	5,726,991	5,525,097	96.5%	14,273
2001	2000	5,850,687	5,642,805	96.4%	4,735
2002	2001	8,180,349	7,904,281	96.7%	4,094
2003	2002	9,480,531	9,150,389	96.5%	5,659
2004	2003	10,291,715	9,919,609	96.4%	13,523
2005	2004	11,287,615	10,866,603	96.3%	3,823
2006	2005	13,163,819	12,713,792	96.6%	9,304
2007	2006	16,857,132	16,212,857	96.2%	11,693

Source: Collier County Tax Collector

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⁽¹⁾ Under Florida State Statutes, property owners are entitled to up to a 4% reduction in ad valorem tax payments for early payment. Outstanding delinquent taxes for the City of Marco Island are not significant.

⁽²⁾ Property taxes collected in Fiscal Year 1998, assessed on January 1, 1997, were for the Marco Island Fire District, subsequently incorporated into the City of Marco Island.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2 105 7,374 9,044 63 55 49 93 7,204 7,421 Capita Per 737,843 898,901 822,844 143,119,420 974,957 1,599,826 1,420,743 112,206,664 118,214,370 119,634,397 Government Primary Total 1 I ł ł ł ł ł 1 21,622,508 Assessment STRP ⁽²⁾ Bonds Business-Type Activities 101,115,000 102,755,000 ١ ł ł 1 1 101,115,000 99,205,000 Water/Sewer Bonds⁽¹⁾ Revenue 389,397 737,843 535,743 396,664 Capital 822,844 459,370 316,912 Leases 898,901 664,826 974,957 Governmental Activities 835,000 885,000 ł I ł ł 6,780,000 10,725,000 9,665,000 935,000 Revenue Bonds Improvement Capital Source: City of Marco Island Finance Department. Obligation 8,760,000 9,315,000 9,860,000 9,860,000 General Bonds 1 ł I ł ł ł Ω Fiscal Year 2005 2006 2007 1998 1999 2000 2003 2004 2002 2001

⁽¹⁾ Water and wastewater operations on Marco Island and at Marco Shores acquired from Florida Water Services in November 2003.

⁽²⁾ Septic Tank Replacement Program: Bank line of credit and state revolving loan.

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds	Total	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value	Per Capita
1998	\$				
1999					
2000		-			
2001		~~			
2002		935,000	935,000	0.02%	61
2003		885,000	885,000	0.02%	58
2004	9,860,000	835,000	10,695,000	0.17%	687
2005	9,860,000	6,780,000	16,640,000	0.23%	1,045
2006	9,315,000	10,725,000	20,040,000	0.21%	1,235
2007	8,760,000	9,665,000	18,425,000	0.15%	1,164

Source: City of Marco Island Finance Department.

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	Coverage Without Impact Fees ⁽⁴⁾	1.81	1.48	1.63	1.65									
	Coverage With Impact Fees ⁽³⁾	2.15	1.69	1.69	1.68	in November 2003 from Florida Water Services, Inc. \$101 million in utility revenue			terest only.					
	Debt Service ⁽²⁾	4,226,703	6,597,764	6,578,700	6,574,938	vices, Inc. \$101 mil	1.20.	1.20. , is 1.10.	(5) Utility was acquired November 7, 2003. Fiscal Year 2004 is a partial year for revenues and expenses. Debt service is interest only.	. Debt service is it				
WATER/SEWER REVENUE BONDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾	Net Revenues Without Impact Fees	7,642,934	9,754,640	10,711,978	10,821,857	. Florida Water Serv			is 1.10. enues and expense	enues and expenses				
WATER/SEWER REVENUE BONDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS ⁽¹⁾	Net Revenues With Impact Fees	9,086,230	11,129,103	11,118,374	11,076,381	ovember 2003 from	⁽³⁾ Debt service coverage requirement, with impact fees included in net revenues, is 1.20.	⁽⁴⁾ Debt service coverage requirement, with impact fees excluded from net revenues, is 1.10.	partial year for rev				94	
WAT WAT	Less: Operating Expenses	7,753,809	8,314,877	8,928,958	9,813,521	r operations in NG	ct fees included i	ct fees excluded	al Year 2004 is a	at				
	Water/Sewer Impact Fees	1,443,296	1,374,463	406,396	254,524	r and sewer utility e the acquisition. debt.	ement, with impa	ement, with impa	ber 7, 2003. Fisc	inance Departme				
	Water/Sewer Operating Revenues	15,396,743	18,069,517	19,640,936	20,635,378	 ⁽¹⁾ The City purchased the water and sewer utility operations bonds were issued to finance the acquisition. ⁽²⁾ Excludes sewer assessment debt. 	ce coverage requir	ce coverage requir	s acquired Novem	Source: City of Marco Island Finance Department				
	Fiscal Year	2004 ⁽⁵⁾ \$	2005	2006	2007	 (1) The City p bonds we ⁽²⁾ Excludes s 	(3) Debt servi	(4) Debt servi	⁽⁵⁾ Utility wa	Source: City				

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Population: Year	City of Marco Island ⁽¹⁾	Collier County	State of Florida
1980	4,679	85,971	9,746,400
1990	9,493	152,099	12,937,926
1995	11,343	186,504	14,149,317
2000	14,879	251,377	15,982,978
2001	15,080	264,475	16,331,739
2002	15,206	277,457	16,674,608
2003	15,346	286,634	17,019,068
2004	15,576	306,186	17,516,732
2005	15,659	319,905	17,872,295
2006	15,742	326,881	18,276,331
2007	15,825	333,858	18,680,367
Projections: 2010	17,055	405,000	19,655,063

Source: Bureua of Economic Research, University of Florida

Population by Age Group - 2000 Census: Age:

Age:		
0-14	1,327	41,552
15-24	753	25,090
25-44	2,153	61,730
45-65	4,931	61,492
65+	5,715	61,513

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

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⁽¹⁾ Population statistics for the City of Marco Island prior to incorporation in 1997 based on the current City Limits.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30 LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Department	2007	2006	2005	2004 (1)	2003	2002 (2)
Executive Administration	6	5	5	5	5	5
Finance	15	15	14	14	4	4
Community Development	8	8	8	8	8	8
Fire / Rescue	35	32	32	31	31	31
Police	36	33	33	31	30	29
Public Works	11	9	8	8	8	8
Parks and Recreation	15	14	12	12	8	3
General Fund	126	116	112	109	94	88
Water / Sewer Enterprise Fund	58	51	49	49	1	1
Building Services Fund	10	8	8	7	7	7
Recreation Enterprise Fund	1	1	1			
TOTAL	195	176	170	165	102	96

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⁽¹⁾ Water and wastewater operations on Marco Island and at Marco Shores acquired from Florida Water Services in November 2003.

⁽²⁾ Detailed information not available prior to fiscal year 2002.

Source: City of Marco Island annual budgets.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY DEPARTMENT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year						
2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002 (2)	
52,273	29,291	33,480	41,527	32,290	27,920	
2,911	2,467	2,481	2,358	2,095	2,329	
43	72	136	233	211	202	
0	0	33	123	172	254	
5,456	7,121	4,917	4,836	4,981	4,304	
9,517	8,929	8,784	8,329	NA	NA	
8.83	8.90	9.35	7.72	NA	NA	
14.15	11.28	10.93	10.96	NA	NA	
5,032	4,120	4,061	4,020	NA	NA	
1.80	1.80	1.89	1.83	NA	NA	
2.65	2.88	3.96	3.81	NA	ŇA	
	52,273 2,911 43 0 5,456 9,517 8.83 14.15 5,032 1.80	52,273 29,291 2,911 2,467 43 72 0 0 5,456 7,121 9,517 8,929 8.83 8.90 14.15 11.28 5,032 4,120 1.80 1.80	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2007 2006 2005 2004 2003 52,273 29,291 33,480 41,527 32,290 2,911 2,467 2,481 2,358 2,095 43 72 136 233 211 0 0 33 123 172 5,456 7,121 4,917 4,836 4,981 9,517 8,929 8,784 8,329 NA 14.15 11.28 10.93 10.96 NA 5,032 4,120 4,061 4,020 NA 1.80 1.80 1.89 1.83 NA	

⁽¹⁾ Water and wastewater operations on Marco Island and at Marco Shores were acquired from Florida Water Services in November 2003.

⁽²⁾ Detailed information not available prior to fiscal year 2002.

Source: City of Marco Island

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002 (2)
Police Department						
Number of Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Patrol Units	12	12	12	11	11	10
Fire Department						
Number of Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and Recreation						
Number of Parks	8	8	8	8	8	7
Park Acreage	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	53.8	47.0
Tennis Courts	10	10	10	10	10	10
Racquetball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2
Basketball Courts	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works						
Streets (Centerline Miles)	127	127	127	127	127	127
Signalized intersections	8	8	7	7	7	7
Bridges	12	12	12	12	12	12
Utilities ⁽¹⁾						
Number of Water Plants	3	3	3	3	NA	NA
Number of Wastewater Plants	2	2	2	2	NA	NA
Water Lines (Miles)	140	140	140	140	NA	NA
Sewer Lines (Miles)	86	82	82	82	NA	NA

(1) Water and wastewater operations on Marco Island and at Marco Shores were acquired from Florida Water Services in November 2003.

⁽²⁾ Detailed information not available prior to fiscal year 2002.

Source: City of Marco Island

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OTHER REPORTS AND LETTERS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chairman and City Council City of Marco Island, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marco Island, Florida, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Marco Island's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider deficiency 07-01 described under the heading Current Year Findings and Recommendations in the Management Letter to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We believe the significant deficiency described above is also material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Chairman and Members of the Council, management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Auditor General of the State of Florida and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CPA associates

Bradenton, Florida March 14, 2008



Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Chairman and Members of the Council of the City of Marco Island, Florida

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Marco Island, Florida (the City), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2007. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Marco Island, Florida's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purposes of

expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in the entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Chairman and Members of the Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified users.

CPA associates

Bradenton, Florida March 14, 2008

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Basic Financial Statement Section

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Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified Opinion				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	<u> </u>				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes no				
Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?	yes no				
Federal Awards Section					
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A programs:	\$300,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>x</u> no				
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified Opinion				
Internal Control over compliance:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yesno				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (Section .510(a))?	yes <u>x</u> no				
Identification of major programs					
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster					

66.458

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - Capitalization Grant for Clean Water SRF

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Part II - Schedule of Basic Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, fraud, illegal acts, violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements, and abuse related to the basic financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 5.18 through 5.20 of *Government Auditing Standards*.

A material weakness was noted and has been reported as Finding 07-01 described under the heading Current Year Findings and Recommendations in the Management Letter.

Part III – Schedule of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and material instances of noncompliance, including known fraud, questioned costs, and abuse related to the audit of federal programs, as required to be reported by Circular A-133 Section .510 (a).

No significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and material instances of noncompliance, including known fraud, questioned costs, and abuse related to the audit of federal programs were identified.

Part IV – Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

There were no prior audit findings for federal programs.

CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

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Federal Awards	CFDA Number	0	
reueral Awarus			
Indirect			
Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through Florida Department of Community Affairs			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	06-WL-&K-09-21-02-676	\$ 243,892
Total Department of Homeland Security		·	243,892
U.S. Department of Transportation		,	
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation		1	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	417941-1-58-01/A0 054	32,429
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	419238-1-58-01/A0 T62	44,094
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	412626-1-58-01/AN Z91	150,937
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			227,460
Total indirect			471,352
Direct			
U.S. Department of Justice			,
Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement	16.UNKNOWN	FL0110300	141,937
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	2001-LB-BX-0234	4,950
Total U.S. Department of Justice			146,887
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water - State Revolving Funds	66.458	WW71503P	1,222,766
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			1,222,766
Total direct			1,369,653
Total Federal Awards			\$ 1,841,005

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CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Marco Island, Florida, and is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Loans Outstanding

The City of Marco Island, Florida, had the following loan balance outstanding at September 30, 2007. Loans made during the year, including accrued interest of \$65,326, are included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule.

State Revolving Loan-Clean Water

1,626,230

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Chairman and City Council City of Marco Island, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Marco Island, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated March 14, 2008, which was unqualified.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 14, 2008, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and, unless otherwise required to be reported in the report on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs, this letter is required to include the following information.

- Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no significant findings or recommendations reported in the preceding annual financial audit report.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Marco Island, Florida complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

- Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls. Matters required to be disclosed are reported under the heading *Current Year Findings and Recommendations*.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of provisions of contracts and grant agreements or abuse that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, based on professional judgment, the reporting of the following matters that are inconsequential to the financial statements considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of laws, rules, regulations, and contractual provisions or abuse that have occurred, or were likely to have occurred, and would have an immaterial effect on the financial statements; (2) improper expenditures or illegal acts that would have an immaterial effect on the financial statements; (3) control deficiencies that are not significant deficiencies, including, but not limited to improper or inadequate accounting procedures, failures to properly record financial transactions, and other inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, and instances of fraud discovered by, or that come to the attention of, the auditor. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)6., requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)7.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local government entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Marco Island, Florida, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)7.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the City of Marco Island, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.
- Sections 10.554(l)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply financial condition assessment procedures. In connection with our audit, we applied the financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility

to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

This management letter is intended solely for the information of the Honorable Chairman and City Council members, management, and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CPA associates

Bradenton, Florida March 14, 2008

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City of Marco Island

March 14, 2008

Mr. David W. Martin Office of the Auditor General Claude Denson Pepper Building 111 West Madison Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450

Dear Mr. Martin:

Below is the City of Marco Island, Florida's response to the Management Letter for the 2006-2007 fiscal year audit. Implementation of these recommendations serves to increase accountability and promote effective and efficient operations throughout the City.

Finding 07-01

The City concurs with the above finding and recommendation. Working with the external auditors and the City's Finance Director, a detailed set of year end procedures has been developed for the new Controller. These include procedures for the proper control of the cutoff of expenditures for year end as well as a detailed review of year end balances.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, the City of Marco Island, Florida, has complied with the requirements of the Florida Impact Fee Act.

Please feel free to contact me at 239-389-5000, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

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William P. Harrison Finance Director

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

There were no prior year audit findings.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

07-01 Journal Entries Identified By the Auditor

The City of Marco Island, Florida, is responsible for accurate financial reporting which includes detecting and preventing misstatements in the financial statements, as well as within the underlying records. Our audit work revealed numerous material misstatements related to the posting of transactions to various accounts, specifically in relation to accrued expenses, pooled cash allocations among funds, cash restrictions, capital assets, and assessments.

Although the City relies on the independent auditor for the accuracy of the financial statements, the auditor cannot be a part of the client's internal control system. Therefore, the City has a material weakness regarding the accuracy of financial reporting.

Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Controller for the City resigned. A replacement was made in late November 2007, however, the timing of this hire did not allow for adequate preparation of the audit. We recommend that City personnel perform a detailed review of their general ledger subsequent to year end and ensure that all journal entries made as part of the September 30, 2007, audit which are applicable to 2008 are made prior to the commencement of the audit. Additionally, we recommend that the detailed review of the general ledger includes adjustments to accounts with unusual balances, such as receivables with credit balances. Furthermore, the City should review the journal entries and the general ledger detail on a monthly basis.